THE DECATUR MORNING REVIEW.

VOL. VI. NO. 269 — DECATUR, ILL., THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 17, 1884. — 10 CTS. PER WEEK

Farmers,

Mechanics, Laboring Men, Business Men

By the sweat of your brow you earn your bread. Your duty to your family and yourself will not permit you to squander your hard-earned wealth on Shoddy Goods, when for the SAME PRICE you can buy GOOD and RELIABLE GOODS, made and trimmed in First Class Style at the

UTICA CLOTHING STORE

—MANUFACTURED BY—

Owen, Pixley & Co

Who have a chain of stores all through the North and West, and are enabled to put goods into the consumers hands and save them the middle-man's profit.

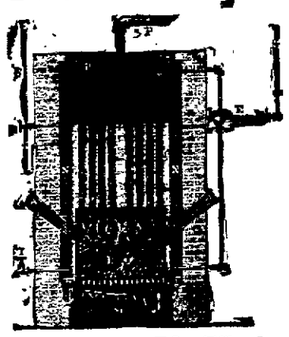
We do not aim to sell our goods by base prevarications or deceptions of any kind.

We deal in GOOD GOODS, and No Trash, and believe the masses will patronize the house that sells the Best Goods for the Least Money.

The Utica Clothing Store,

Haworth's New Block.

Korsmeyer & O'Neill!



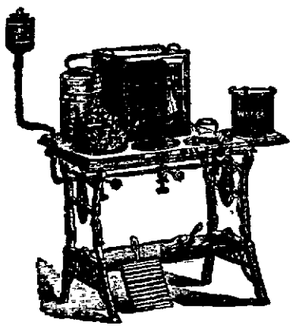
Practical Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters, Agents for Bates' Self-Feeding Boilers for Heating and Ventilating Residences and Public Buildings. Estimates and Specifications furnished on application.

Also dealers in Gas Fixtures, Bath Tubs, Sinks, Hose, Force and Lift Pumps, Glazed Sewer Pipe, Iron and Slate Mantles and Grates.

259 N. Main St., Decatur, Ill.

☞Special Attention given to work in the country.

THE OLD RELIABLE Front Rank VAPOR STOVE



Does not require a practical engineer to run it, but is made for the Ladies use. Is SIMPLE, DURABLE and SAFE. Call and see it working, also examine our large line of

Mantles and Grates.

—REMEMBER OUR—

Donation!

One ticket for each one dollars worth of goods purchased.

Ferguson & Dillehunt

125 Water Street.

AN OLD HOUSE GOES UNDER.

Suspension of the Firm of Fletcher & Sharpe, the Oldest Banking Establishment in Indianapolis.

Liabilities Placed at $1,800,000, with Assets of $2,000,000—Runs on Other Banks—Anxiety for the Future.

Speculation in Unproductive Real Estate Alleged to Have Been the Cause of the Failure.

One More Bank Bursts.

CLOSED WITHOUT WARNING.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 16.—Great excitement was caused here yesterday morning by the unexpected suspension of Fletcher & Sharpe's bank, which has always been regarded as one of the most substantial banking institutions in the West. The first callers at the bank doors were greeted by the following notice:

To Our Depositors: Owing to our inability to realize on our securities we regret to say that we are compelled to suspend payments. Our property is ample to pay all depositors as soon as it can be converted.

FLETCHER & SHARPE.

Crowds at once began gathering about the doors of Fletcher & Sharpe's and other banks. Depositors came from all directions and excitedly demanded their money. Runs set in upon the banking establishments of Fletcher & Churchman and Ritzinger Bros., and continued during the day. The doors of Fletcher & Sharpe were besieged by an anxious throng, but they remained shut, and those within denied an audience to any one. All sorts of stories were circulated, but among them there were expressions of sympathy for the firm. Men and women crowded each other about the doors of the other banks, and a detachment of police was stationed to keep back the throng. The excitement was intense and grave apprehensions were entertained until after banking hours this evening that one or two of the other banks would succumb to the demands made upon them. People came in large numbers from the country to demand their money. Prominent citizens mounted the bank steps and tried in vain to reassure the crowds and restore confidence. The suspension was as much of a surprise to the other banks as it was to the business public, not one of them having the least suspicion that anything of the kind was imminent. They were consequently unprepared for an emergency, but all succeeded in weathering the storm, and are confident of their ability to meet all contingencies. The members of the firm and bank officials are exceedingly reticent, and will make no statement whatever relative to the suspension.

Shortly before noon the petition of S. A. Fletcher, Jr., for the appointment of a receiver was filed. It was at once allowed by Judge Taylor, and William Wallace was appointed. His bond was fixed at $500,000. Mr. Wallace immediately qualified and took possession of the bank.

Receiver Wallace has just furnished a general statement of the bank's condition to the effect that the assets aggregate $2,200,000 and the liabilities $1,800,000. Much of the assets is in real estate that is not readily convertible. The individual members of the firm have deeded all their private property to the bank, the wives of Ingram and Albert Fletcher also surrendering their estates.

Among the many surmises as to the cause of the failure is one which has its origin in the fact that the Fletcher & Sharpe Bank building, estimated to be worth $200,000, is mortgaged to an amount ranging from $120,000 to $150,000. It is claimed that the payment of a long-time loan was suddenly demanded Monday, and that the demand may have been the amount borrowed on the building. It is understood that Fletcher & Sharpe are carrying a considerable amount of real estate which passed into their hands in the panic of 1873 and which has not only shrunk in value, but has been offered in vain in the market. Another rumor is that the failure of Everett & Waddell precipitated this crisis by causing Fletcher & Sharpe to be drawn upon for a large and unexpected amount. It is also said that the bank had overdrawn on Winslow, Lanier & Co., of New York, as had been done heretofore, and that the latter refused to extend the accommodation. Another explanation comes in the fact that Fletcher & Sharpe were largely a country bank; that the farmers had drawn upon them to an unusual extent, and that in its desire to accommodate the bank had gone too far.

A recent report of the Mercantile Association shows that the bank was one of the most solvent in the city. It was at the time of the report doing a large and profitable business, and all the partners were in the highest financial standing. Curbstone gossip places the aggregate wealth of Messrs. Ingram and Albert E. Fletcher and Thomas H. Sharpe at $1,000,000.

Among the other bankers the feeling is somewhat reassuring. Hon. William H. English, President of the First National, said: "If I had had the slightest intimation that the suspended firm was in need of help I would have advanced them $200,000 with which to meet immediate demands." Other bankers assert that they would have advanced as much as Mr. English.

The danger to the other banks lies in the fact that they had no notice whatever of any such emergency, and are consequently unprepared for a steady run. Nearly all of them have telegraphed to their correspondents at New York and Chicago for funds, and responses have been received indicating that large sums of currency were shipped for here at once. The banks are in good condition generally, but their money has been in the hands of their correspondents, and was unavailable yesterday. It will probably reach here to-night, and if no other failures occur by that time it is not at all probable that any will then occur. The effect upon business generally has been very depressing, and considerable apprehension is felt among merchants. The bank was a favorite with small depositors and retail dealers, and the depressing effect of the failure can not be otherwise than disastrous.

Fletcher & Sharpe's Bank was one of the oldest organizations in the city. For many years Calvin Fletcher was President and Thomas H. Sharpe Cashier of the Indianapolis branch of the State Bank of Indiana, and when its charter expired Messrs. Fletcher & Sharpe formed a partnership under the name of the Indianapolis Branch Banking Company. This was about twenty-six years ago. This name was subsequently changed to Fletcher & Sharpe's Bank. After the death of Calvin Fletcher his interest was represented by Ingram and Albert Fletcher. Stoughton A. Fletcher was afterward taken into the partnership, and remained until about eighteen months ago. The last statement made by Fletcher & Sharpe to the Collector of Internal Revenue was for the six months ending November 30, 1882. It showed a capital of $200,000 and an average monthly deposit of $1,700,000.

BULLING THE OIL MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 16.—The oil market was greatly excited yesterday over a sudden jump from 60½ to 65½c. Many of the shorts were badly caught. C. S. Henry and Allen Lexor failed in consequence of the rise. Mr. Henry has been one of the largest operators in this market, and is a governor of the National Petroleum Exchange. He was short 700,000 barrels, but some of it was margined so that his real losses will be about $50,000. Half a million barrels were bought in under the rule for his account. Mr. Lexor was short about 20,000 barrels. He formerly represented Hagen & Billings on the Exchange, but since the failure of that firm he has been doing a small business on his own account.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 16.—More activity prevailed at the Oil Exchanges yesterday than for a long time past. A boom was created by bullish field news and good buying. The market opened at 60½c. and steadily advanced to 66½c. When the excitement was at its highest a break took place to 64½c., the sales up to that time having been very heavy. With the reaction the shorts, who were badly frightened by the advance, took courage and stopped covering. From that time until the close the market sagged, closing at 62½c. The sales are estimated at 10,000,000 barrels.

OTHER BUSINESS FAILURES.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 16.—A receiver has been appointed for J. B. Piet & Co., Catholic publishers. Liabilities, $40,000.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 16.—Dawson Bros., manufacturers of mills and mill machinery have failed. Liabilities, $60,000. The senior member of the firm has absconded.

OAKLAND, Cal., July 16.—The dry goods house of Bennison, Liebmann & Co. of this city, closed its doors because of inability to pay $80,000.

CHOLERA'S ONWARD MARCH.

Nearly Seventy Thousand Fugitives from the Plague—Alarm Throughout Europe

PARIS, July 16.—Tourists are avoiding Southern France and Italy, and the health resorts in those regions will be empty until colder weather sets in. Thirty-five deaths occurred at Marseilles Monday night. An uneasy feeling prevails there, and the police are suppressing all socialistic meetings. The Ministers of the Interior, Commerce and Public Works have arrived at that city on a tour of inspection. The Prefect informed them that over 40,000 inhabitants had fled by railway and 20,000 by other roads since the epidemic began. At the present moment they were threatened with a more terrible scourge than cholera, namely, unprecedented want and misery. The report that cholera had appeared at Lyons is denied. Yesterday the Senate passed the credit voted by the Chamber for the relief of sufferers from the plague and for the suppression of contagion.

LONDON, July 16.—Austria is becoming alarmed, and has asked the Porte to co-operate in measures to prevent the cholera from entering Austria and Turkey.

ODESSA, July 16.—The authorities have quarantined French vessels from the Mediterranean for two weeks. Every effort possible is being put forth to keep the cholera from this point.

LISBON, July 16.—Vessels from infected ports are forbidden to land passengers or cargoes at any port in Portugal.

Fixing Up a New Pool.

CHICAGO, July 16.—The Executive Committee of the Ohio River pool met at the Grand Pacific yesterday and agreed to recommend to lines running into what is known as the Green Line territory the propriety of preparing figures for the commissioner's inspection. With these figures as a basis for arranging percentages, the commissioner will call a meeting of general freight agents, and prepare for the new or enlarged pool. This will take in the Illinois Central business to Cairo, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois and Evansville & Terre Haute business to Evansville, and the Wabash, which line covers both points. The new pool is intended to cover all business in the territory named to and from Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Jeffersonville, Louisville and Cairo.

France Regrets the Insult to Germany.

BERLIN, July 16.—The French Ambassador here has been instructed to express to the German Government the regret of his Government at the action of the Alsatian students, who tore down and burned the German flags at the Hotel Continental, Paris, and to state that owing to the quickness with which the incidents happened, the police were unable to interfere. The newspapers of Berlin urge the Government to demand reparation and the punishment of the students.

PARIS, July 16.—Prince Hohenlohe, the German ambassador, called yesterday at the Foreign Office on the subject of the insult offered to the German flag. Prime Minister Ferry has apologized to the German ambassador for the insult.

More Deaths by Caving In.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Michael McDonough and Paul Quinlan were instantly killed yesterday while working in an excavation on the grounds of the Williamsburg Gaslight Company. The soil was of a sandy nature and the contractor had neglected to wall it. It slipped and buried thirteen men, of whom seven are dangerously injured and four badly bruised. McDonough and Quinlan were taken out within five minutes after the accident, but were found so badly crushed as to be almost beyond recognition.

A Grave Charge Against a House Committee.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—There is a renewal of the ugly rumors about the selling out of the House Committee on Post-offices to the lottery swindlers. It is asserted that the committee were at first in full sympathy with the Postmaster-General in his efforts to stop the lottery companies from using the mails, but that they suddenly changed their opinion, and refused to report the bill which had been sent to them, and which looked to the preservation of the mails for honest purposes. The rumors are that it cost the lottery companies about $25,000.

Don't Like Either Ticket.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 16.—Hon. William Purcell, editor of the *Union*, has been granted leave of absence until after November, at his own request, because, he says, he can not with service to the party, credit to the paper, or honor to himself, conduct the *Union* during the present political campaign. He has also sent in his resignation as a candidate for Presidential Elector to Chairman Manning, of the Democratic State Committee.

Fifty Deaths by Drowning in Three Months.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 16.—Four more fishermen were drowned at the mouth of the Columbia River Monday. This makes fifty men that have been drowned there during the last three months.

FLEURY,

The Only and Genuine French Cutter, will quote for the next 30 days the following prices which will enable everybody to buy a fine All-Wool Suit of Clothing for one half the money less than any store in Decatur, or in a larger city, in order to make room for the Fall Stock which we have just selected.

ALL WOOL SUITS, which are sold by all clothing houses for $12.00, we will sell at $8.00 and less than manufacturing prices, as we would rather loose money and give you the benefit of it, than carry our stock over for next year,

Also a GENUINE, ALL-WOOL CASSIMERE FROCK SUIT, never bought for less than $16.00, we will sell at $11.00, and everything in proportion on fine suits of Boy's Clothing, ranging from 12 to 17 years, at $5.00. These are facts and not merely figures, as it is true paper is timid and allows any torture you may inflict upon it, but these figures are facts and no humbugs. No prices to give away and charge it on other goods, but will save you the money and you may buy something more useful, as we will invite the general public for their inspection, and will prove every word we preach is true, and will practice the same. Remember for 30 DAYS ONLY when we will resume our Regular Prices.

FLEURY, The French Cutter.

Corner Old Square.

LIVES OF PAIN

RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA have long enough run riot in the human system.

They have tormented the human family and defied the medical faculty; from time out of memory they have corrupted the blood, demoralized the joints, vexed the nerves, agonized the muscles and racked the brain with wearying pain.

"ATHLOPHOROS" is the enemy of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, repairs their damages, renews the blood, eases the joints, calms the nerves, soothes the muscles, gives rest and peace to the troubled brain, and ensures delightful sleep.

"ATHLOPHOROS" is a new remedy, but it has been abundantly tried. From far and near come testimonials from well-known persons who had long been sufferers. It has turned their diseases out. It has cured them. That is all,—and that is enough.

"ATHLOPHOROS" can do for you what it has done for those sufferers. It can drive out your Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and will do so if you give it a fair trial.

"ATHLOPHOROS" has by this time had such a good trial all over the country that its true work is known, and its true character proved.

"ATHLOPHOROS" means "Prize-Bearer;" "Victor;" "Conqueror." It carries off the prize as VICTOR over the attacks of these terrible maladies, and CONQUEROR of the frightful agonies their victims have endured. Not a mere temporary relief, but a permanent, enduring, and triumphant cure.

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price,—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us as directed.

ATHLOPHOROS CO., 112 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

$11,950 IN CASH GIVEN AWAY

To SMOKERS of Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.

This Special Deposit is to guarantee the payment of the 25 premiums fully described in our former announcements.

The premiums will be paid, no matter how small the number of bags returned may be.

Office Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co.,
Durham, N. C., May 10, 1884.

P. A. WILEY, Esq.,
Cashier Bank of Durham, Durham, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—We inclose you $11,950.00, which please place on Special Deposit to pay premiums for our empty tobacco bags to be returned Dec. 15th. Yours truly, J. S. CARR, President.

Office of the Bank of Durham,
Durham, N. C., May 10, 1884.

J. S. CARR, Esq.,
Pres't. Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co.

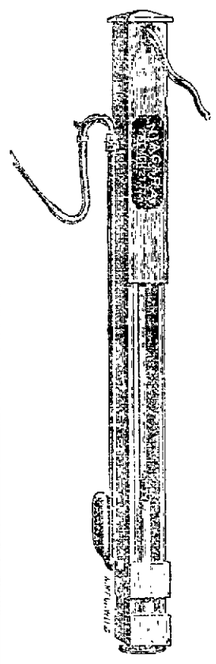
DEAR SIR:—I have to acknowledge receipt of $11,950.00 from you, which we have placed upon Special Deposit for the object you state.
Yours truly, P. A. WILEY, Cashier.

None genuine without picture of BULL on the package.

☞See our other announcements.

Misses new styles 11 to 2 in Spring heel and common sense heel and toe, all kinds of leather and in all widths at L. L. Ferries & Co's. Also new styles in ladies' and child en's. Prices down to the bottom of the well. j13tf

Niagara Pump Co.



Force Pump Wood Pumps, Chain Pumps.

☞TELEPHONE 183.

FACTORY 341 & 343 MASON STREET, DECATUR, ILL.

THE LEADING

Stone Yard

JOHN I. PASOLD,
—Dealer in—

Building Stone, Window Sills, Doors Sills, Water Tables, Sidewalks, Curb Stones, and Caps and Steps.

Largest Stone Yard in Decatur, Illinois

It is wonderful to see the Little Monitor Grain Separator clean and separate. It takes everything out of wheat. It is manufactured by Bean, and handled by Smith & Shade Agents wanted in every county. Call on Smith & Shade, at Decatur, and investigate for yourself. july8d1w

Victory Separators and Paxton Engines for sale by Leavitt & Royal. d&w

The Presidential Campaign

Promises to be lively and active, but W. A. Bridges will continue to be equally active in the interest of persons wanting paper hanging, decorating, painting or graining done. He is now doing a lively business, and his campaign will be one of artistic work and low prices. j10d1w

You Can Buy

Summer Cooking Stoves very cheap, at Wingate's Lamp Store, Central Block. j8d1w

J. R. RACE & CO.'S



Sixth Annual Free Distribution!

EVERY PURCHASER Of $5.00 WORTH Of GOODS

For Cash,

From our Large and Well-Selected Retail Stock, consisting of

Clothing

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Merchant Tailoring,

Will be Presented with a Ticket, entitling the Holder to One Share in our

FREE GIFT DISTRIBUTION!

Given Away March 7, 1885.

One $80 Hamsher Iron Felloe Farm Wagon, manufactured by the Decatur Iron Felloe Wagon Company.

One $55 00 Practical Business Road Cart, intended for general purposes, seats two, manufactured by Wayne & Anderson, manufacturers of the Champion Road Cart.

One $40.00 Sewing Machine. One $20.00 Man's Suit.

One $20.00 Saddle, Bridle and Whip, from J. W. Tyler, dealer in Fine Harness, Etc.

One $20 Man's Overcoat. One $18 Youth's Overcoat.

One Haworth Check Rower, manufactured by Haworth & Sons.

One set silver knives and forks, from Otto E. Curtis & Co.

One $18 Youth's Suit. One $15 Zinc Trunk.

One $15 Man's Ulster. One $15 Oil Stove.

One Fine Celluloid Toilet Set. One $10 pair pants to order.

One $10 Illinois Clothes Washer, manufactured by Boyd Braden & Co.

One $10 boy's suit. One $10 boy's overcoat. One $7 Morocco valise

One 10 piece decorated China chamber set, from R. Liddle, value $15.

One $7 child's suit. One barrel flour from D. S. Shellabarger & Co. One barrel flour from D. S. Shellabarger & Co.

One $6 silk umbrella. One fine club bag valise and strap. One $6 silk hat. One $5 child's overcoat.

15 prizes, each consisting of one bronze clock.

15 prizes, each consisting of one stem winding watch.

J. R. RACE & CO.

129–135 North Water St., - - Decatur, Ill.

Full Value

—Always Given.—

Diamonds!

Fine and Stylish Jewelry, Gold Watches That are Timekeepers, and Elegant Silverware.

Our Stock in Quantity, Quality and Style, is

Unequaled in Decatur.

Buy Everything You Want in This Line From

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,

Where Nothing is Misrepresented.

CARPETS CURTAINS

—AND—

WALL PAPERS,

in Quality, Style and Coloring, surpassing anything ever brought to Decatur. Our prices, as usual, will be the lowest.

ABEL & LOCKE.

The great events of history in a single volume. **FAMOUS and DECISIVE BATTLES OF THE WORLD.** By CAPT. KING, U. S. A. HISTORY FROM THE BATTLE-FIELD. Shows how Nations have been made or destroyed in a day.—How Power or Disaster has turned on a single Conflict. A Grand Book for Old and Young.—Serves Time. Aids the Memory.—Gives Pleasure and Instruction. Maps and Plans illustrating. Agents wanted. Big terms. ☞Write at once for full description and terms. Address J. C. McCURDY & Co., Chicago, Ill.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Fail Not to Visit

—The Great—

Fair!

159 East Main.

5 and 10c Departments,

Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Crockery Glassware, Tin and Japan ware, Woodenware
jy-21 1m

Novelty Spring

BABY CARRIAGES,

A Fine Assortment at

LOW PRICES.

The Celebrated

Hull's Vapor Stoves

With Davis & Blake's

Patent Safety Tank.

And all late improvements in Vapor Stoves, also

Refrigerators,
Ice Chests,
Water Coolers,
Hanging Lamps,
Furniture,

And anything you may need for Housekeeping at

Liddle's.

FARMERS, MECHANICS,

EVERY BODY CAN

Save 25 per Cent

BY BUYING

CLOTHING,

Funishing Goods!

HATS, ETC.,

—AT THE—

White Front

☞JOHN IRWIN would be pleased to see you. No trouble to show goods.

JOHN IRWIN, Manager.

Fifth Ward Grocery.

JAMES DOUGHERTY,

—DEALER IN—

Groceries and Provisions, Flour, Queensware, Glassware, Tinware,

Coal and Wood!
Hay and Straw.

Having leased and removed to the capacious room, No. 1202 East Eldorado street, I have now a large and well selected stock of goods, which I will sell as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

JAMES DOUGHERTY.

THE REVIEW.

JACK & MIZE, Proprietors.

DAILY.
Delivered by carrier or by mail, per week, $ .10
Three months in ADVANCE 1 25
One year in advance, ... 5 00
WEEKLY
By mail (in advance) one year $1.00
If not paid in advance, per year 1.50
Specimen numbers sent free on application.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
GROVER CLEVELAND,
of New York.

For Vice President,
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,
of Indiana.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
CARTER H. HARRISON

For Lieutenant-Governor,
HENRY SEITER.

For Secretary of State,
MICHAEL DOUGHERTY.

For Auditor of State,
WALTER H. CARLIN.

For Treasurer,
ALFRED ORENDORFF.

For Attorney General,
ROBERT L. McKINLEY.

Is the Republican for or against license? A waiting world would like to know.

Why is the Republican silent about the proposition to have "Our Carter" and Dick open the campaign in Decatur with a joint discussion?

MR. CHANDLER, secretary of the navy, has found that although Mr. Hendricks may have a sore toe, it does not unfit him for letter writing.

THE Republican has not yet told us how it stands on the license question, or whether it is in favor of "Our Carter" and Dick having a joint discussion.

The New York Sun says of the ticket: "We have had our own opinion but perhaps there was some mistake about it. We shall live and learn, we hope."

THE New York Times says: "No democratic with whom patriotism is not subordinated to private grudges will withhold his vote from Grover Cleveland."

THE New York Tribune and Philadelphia Press, are the two largest and most influential papers that support Blaine. They are the two leading "rat" offices of the country.

GEN ROGER A. PRYOR, the bosom friend of Gen Butler, and who worked heartily with Tammany for the defeat of Cleveland at Chicago, has declared for Cleveland, and that he will work for the success of the democratic ticket.

IF the editor of the Republican don't soon tell us what he thinks of Jake Wheeler's stealings, how he stands on license, and if he is in favor of Dick meeting "Our Carter" in joint discussion, we'll have to drop him as a candidate for the legislature.

JAKE WHEELER and his gang are still at large, filling offices of honor and profit. They stole from the government, and are still "honorable" men. Had they been poor devils and sold a glass of beer or a cigar without license, they would soon have to account for it.

IN 1852 - 4, Mr. Blaine was editor of the Augusta (Me.) Journal, and the files of the paper show him to have been one of the most virulent knownothings of that time. His friends will doubtless have extracts from the Journal published as a campaign document and circulated among our foreign voters.

PAT CROW, the dynamite, and manufacturer of infernal machines, declares that every Irishman should vote for Blaine. The Irish must not be judged by fellows of Crow's stamp and calibre, and they are not likely to be influenced by him. It is but natural that he should be for the jingo candidate. If Crow would even pay his house rent bills contracted not many years ago, he would be entitled to more consideration.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS, whose republicanism for the past twenty-eight years no one can question, in a leading editorial in Harper's Weekly, this week says:

The argument that in an election it is not a man, but a party that is supported, and that the democratic party is less to be trusted than the republican, is futile at a time when the republican party has nominated a candidate whom a great body of the most conscientious republicans can not support, and when the democratic party has nominated a candidate whom the great body of the most venal democrats practically bolt. Distrust of the democratic party springs from the conduct of the very democrats who madly oppose Gov. Cleveland because they know that they can not use him. The nomination of Gov. Cleveland is due not so much to the preference of his party as to the general demand of the country for a candidacy which stands for precisely the qualities and services which are associated with his name

HON. WILLIAM PURCELL, editor of the Rochester Union, was beaten for the democratic nomination for secretary of state in 1883, and blamed it on Gov. Cleveland and his friends. He showed his "sore toe" at Chicago, but the national democracy were not listening to personal grievances. Since his return home he has been given leave of absence from the editorial chair, and has resigned as a candidate for elector. In other words, he has made an ass of himself, and has been bounced for his foolishness

EX-SENATOR [illegible] of New York, [illegible] an Irishman, a Catholic and [illegible] upright man, says of the nomination of Cleveland:

The democratic party has made no mistake this time. It is the best and strongest ticket that possibly could have been nominated, and when I say this I mean no disrespect to any of the other candidates. We had to nominate a man who would carry New York state, and Mr. Cleveland in my mind is the only man who can do it. His record, though a brief one, is one that we of New York state are proud of. He has been the governor of the Empire state, not of any sect or body of men, but of all and for all. The charge has been presented against him by certain parties that as governor he has opposed the Catholics and their church. Does the record support this. No, sir, in no way. In fact they might have charged just the opposite, for as is well known he appointed three Catholics to the three highest salaried offices in the gift of the governor, one of which was the superintendent of public works, a most important office; also that of superintendent of the state insurance department, and president of the railroad commission; also several others not quite so important. Does this look like holding the Catholics back? Have not your Chicago papers published long interviews with the most prominent members of the Catholic clergy and laity, who stated in plainest terms that they never knew of Gov. Cleveland doing an unfair act toward the Catholic church or its members. Again, we have the confidence of the business community. They believe in Cleveland—they will vote for him. Of my own knowledge, there are gentlemen who have not taken any interest in politics for years who are so well pleased with the course pursued by Mr. Cleveland that they will support him earnestly at the polls.

CHICAGO MARKETS

CHICAGO, July 15, 1884

	July	Aug	Sept	Oct.
WHEAT	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	85
CORN	[illegible]	[illegible]	52⅞	51½—year
OATS	[illegible]	½—May 15½	25½	——year
PORK	$.8 [illegible] $11	$[illegible].50	$2[illegible] 50	$2[illegible] year
LARD	$7 05	7[illegible] ½	7[illegible]	7 [illegible]

PAWNBROKER'S SALE

Friday, July 18th, at Cheap Jake's, West Side Old Square.

Having positively determined to leave the city, he therefore offers at Public Auction, his entire stock of Goods, consisting of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, all kinds of jewelry, watches, clocks, gold and silver [illegible], [illegible], guns, [illegible], valises, store fixtures, household goods, and an immense number of Unredeemed Pledges. Sale to commence at 9 a. m., Friday, July 18th, and continue until this immense stock is disposed of. All goods warranted as represented.

CHEAP JAKE,
West Side Old Square

P. S.—All parties having goods in pawn will please call on or before July 22d and redeem them. 16d4t

Attention, Knights Templars.

Regular conclave of Beauman in Commandry No. 9, K. T. this (Thursday) evening. A full attendance requested

J. N. BAKER, E. C.
N. L KRONE, R.

K. of P.

Cœur de Leon lodge No. 17, K. of P. will meet at their lodge room this evening, at eight o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

E. JETT, C. C.
H. McCLELLAN, K. of R. & S.

Go to Wingate's lamp store and buy one of those steam washing machines, if you want to see the dirt roll out of your clothes without a particle of rubbing. a19

Miss Kate P. Ricketts, an elocutionist of rare ability and rising reputation, will give a public reading at the Universalist church next Friday evening. 15d4

For ornamenting glass for doors and transoms. W. A. Bridges leads the van with his perfect sand blast. He shows excellent specimens of work in that line, and his rates are surprisingly low. j10w

Y. W. C. T. U.

The annual election of officers at the Y. W. C. T. Union will be held at the First M. E. church Thursday July 24th, at 4 o'clock, p. m. A full attendance is earnestly desired.

MRS. E. C. REESE Pres.

July15t3

The Event of the Summer Season

Capt. Paul Boyton's

Marvelous Aquatic Exhibitions, at the river,

NEAR THE CITY WATER WORKS

ONE DAY ONLY,

Tuesday, July 29,

AT 4 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON.

ADMISSION, - - 25 CENTS.

☞Arrangements [illegible] made with Hatch and I. C. R. R. for [illegible] His Honor the [illegible] Water Works [illegible] The new $15,000 pump will be that afternoon

ANIOTON mountings for harness are the best in use. Will never rust or change their color. If you want the best call and examine the ANIOTON. For sale only by J. G. Starr & Son. j22dtf

Go at once and see L L Ferriss & Co.'s Fine Gents' $3 shoes. None genuine without their name and the price stamped in the sole. Largest stock, best goods and lowest prices in Decatur. j13tf

The James G. Blaine Club Hat for sale at Fleury's One-Price Clothing House. Call and inquire for sample. 3t

Mantels.

Korsmeyer & O'Neill have just received a fine lot of slate mantels of different designs, all of the highest finish. They are beauties. Call and see them. a23dtf

The James G. Blaine Club Hat for sale at Fleury's One-Price Clothing House. Call and inquire for sample

Y. W. C. T. U.

Let all the members meet with us at the First M. E. church, Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, to arrange for an entertainment.

MRS. E. C. REESE, Pres
July15t3

The True Test.

If a man is hungry within an hour more or less after a meal he is a dyspeptic. It shows his stomach is not able to dispose of what he has eaten, but to eat again, and thus impose more work, is absurdity. Take Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic which cures dyspepsia, and all stomach, liver, kidney and bladder troubles. It is perfect tonic, appetizer, blood purifier, a sure cure for ague and malaria diseases. Price 50 cents, of DR J A STONER DA

Not a particle of calomel or any other deleterious substance enters into the composition of Ayer's Cathartic Pills. On the contrary, they prove of special service to those who have used calomel and other mineral poisons as medicines, and feel their injurious effects. In such cases Ayer's Pills are invaluable. d&w1w.

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, etc., guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pill. One pill a dose. 25c. j8d&w1m.

CLEVELAND Agents wanted for authentic edition of his life; written at his own home, with his co-operation and assistance, by the renowned Goodrich. Largest, cheapest, handsomest, best. Elegantly illustrated. Costs more per copy to manufacture than the other lives that are sold for twice its price. Outsells all others ten to one. One of our agents made a profit of over $50 the first day. A harvest of gold will be realized by every worker. All new beginners succeed grandly. Terms free, and the most liberal ever offered. Save valuable time by sending 25 cents for postage, etc., on free outfit, which includes large prospectus book. Act quickly; a day at the start is worth a week at the finish.

H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine,
july16 1 nw2m

Copartnership Notice.

HAVING sold W. B. Newbegin one-half interest in the Boody Elevators and the accounts due us, notice is hereby given to persons owing the firm of Webb & Lewis, at Boody, that they desire to close up the old firm's business. Mr. Newbegin is authorized to collect all outstanding [illegible] and receipt for the same in our name. The business will be continued hereafter under the firm name of Newbegin & Co.

WEBB & LEWIS.
Macon, Ill., July 7, 1884.

Dissolution.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Marcott & Nichol, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at the same place, No. 111 North Water street, by Marcott & Krebs, who will settle all bills of the old firm.
July 1, 1884.

C. J. MARCOTT,
S NICHOL,
J. H KREBS.
j9 1w

Steam Heating.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received till 1 o'clock p. m., Saturday, August 23d, 1884, at the County Clerk's office, Decatur, Macon county, Illinois, for placing in the building used as a Court House apparatus for steam heating to heat the following rooms: Court room, Sheriff's office, Petit and Grand Jury rooms, Treasurer's office, Circuit and County Clerk's offices. Four coal burners will be required. Parties desirous of bidding will furnish plans and specifications. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

JAMES FREEMAN,
H. H. ROSENCRANTS
M. P. FUNK,
J. R. HAYS,
S. C. DAVIS,
Committee.
Jul16 1&wtd

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OFFICERS of the late war who were refused pay for the time between date of commission and official muster, will find it to their interest to communicate promptly and with particulars, with McNEILL & BIRCH, Attorneys and Solicitors, Drawer 457 Washington, D. C. No fees in advance; honorable dealing; highest references.

Parker's Tonic.

Family Medicine that Never Intoxicates

If you have Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or urinary complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels blood or nerves you can be cured by Parker's Tonic.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant, take Parker's Tonic at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives, it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

The best cleanest and most economical hair dressing. Never fails to restore the youthful color to gray hairs.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp hair.

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching.

HISCOX & CO.
163 William street, New York.

50c and $1.00 sizes, as all dealers in medicines Great saving in buying dollar size.

Honest Old Abe.

Abraham Lincoln had a strong back. Others may by using Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters 25 cents.

30 DAYS' TRIAL

DR. DYE'S

(BEFORE.) (AFTER.)

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

A. O. BREWER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Home Made Bread, Cakes and Pies.

Everything as Fine as Silk.

BREWER, The Baker,

211 North Main Street, - - - Decatur, Illinois.



THE

CELEBRATED

Lion Brand SHIRT!

To be had only at the

POPULAR NEW YORK STORE!

Decatur, Illinois

Ask for and try one of these

Great Dollar Shirts,

—Manufactured Expressly for the—

POPULAR NEW YORK STORE.

—Made Throughout of Very Best Material.—

NEW SHIELD FRONT,

Patent Combination Seam, Cannot Rip. Is Roomy and Perfect Fitting.

YOU CANNOT GET

A Nicer Fitting or more Durable Shirt, no matter if you pay $2.00 or even $3.00. There can be No Better Shirt made than the

New York Store Lion Brand--Price $1.00

Try one and Be Satisfied.

OUR BARGAIN COLUMN.

WANTED—I want agents to handle the Little Monitor Grain Separator in every township and county. Call and see me in Decatur. Big money in it for agents.
j15d1w* WM. B. SMITH.

REMOVAL—A. T. Summers, attorney at law, has moved his office to the elegant suite of rooms over the New York Store on Water Street. If you want to borrow any money in any amount on real estate or personal property, or if you want any claims, accounts or notes collected, or any legal business properly and promptly attended to, give him a call. j10d3 n

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Macon County Agricultural Board up to July 20th for Band to play during fair Sept. 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th, 1884.
J. C. HOSTETLER Sec'y.

FOUND—On Thursday evening, on East Eldorado street, a folding, steel door key. The owner can have same by calling on
JOHN BRANTLY,
No. 1,110 E. Sangamon St.

FOR RENT—Four good rooms for rent at the corner of South Main and Wood streets. Enquire at 202 South Main street. jul12d1w

ESTRAYED—From my farm, 3½ miles northwest of Decatur, a bright bay filly, two years old, with star in forehead. A reward of $15 will be paid for her return.
JOHN W. HORNBACK, Decatur, Ill.

FOR SALE—A second-hand portable engine nearly as good as new. Will be sold at a bargain. Address, A. Manecke, Cerro Gordo, Illinois. m14d&wtf

WANTED,—Everybody to know that Logan & Abrams have a complete stock of fresh groceries which they sell at lowest possible prices. Store in opera block, room lately occupied by Pope & Stevenson. j3d&wtf.

FOR SALE—The stock, fixtures, and good will of the Niantic hotel. Will be sold on easy terms. Inquire of T. H. CLAYPOOL, Niantic, Illinois. j9 1w

FOR SALE—A good water motor. Will be sold cheap. Apply to JOHN A. KECK, cigar box manufacturer, 127 East Main street. j9 1w

WANTED—A partner, with from $1,000 to $1,500, or six to ten head of horses. Good paying business. Inquire at once at this office, j9 1w

LAUNDRIES—Hop Hong's laundries, No. 152 South Main street and Basement room, corner New Deming Hotel. Shirts, 10 cts; collars, 3 cts; cuffs, 5 cts a pair; underwear, 2 for 15 cts. Work very day. 19m6

FOR PICNICS AND PARTIES.—I have a splendid new hack especially suitable for picnics and parties, and am prepared to answer calls on reasonable notice. My hack will comfortably seat 14 or more with lunch baskets. Terms reasonable. Apply at 575 West Main st. j25d1mo GEO. P. NICHOLS.

Decatur School of Elocution.

MISS LENA HENKLE, dramatic reader and teacher of elocution, oratory and reading, its various branches. Classes meet Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Business hours Monday, from 2 to 5 p. m. Rooms in Haworth Block, 3d floor Elevator entrance on Water street. jun.4d6m
sd1d&w3m

Master's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY, } ss Macon County Circuit Court.

E. M. Clark et al. vs. M. P. Murphy et al. Case No. 11,067.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause, in said court, at the May term, A. D. 1884, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Saturday, the 26th Day of July, A. D., 1884,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, provided the bid upon said premises be equal to at least two-thirds of the valuation upon the same, at the west door of the court house, in Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon, and state of Illinois, to-wit: Lot number four, in block number one, of James Carter's addition to the city of Decatur, and valued at the sum of $900 00, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half of the purchase money to be paid cash in hand, and the balance in one year, to be secured by a mortgage upon the premises, and the purchaser shall also keep the buildings upon said premises insured for the benefit of the mortgagee. Said deferred payment to bear six per cent. interest with leave for purchaser to pay the same at any time before the same falls due if he shall desire to do so. Said sale to be without redemption, and deed will be made purchaser on approval of the same by the court.

Decatur, Illinois, June 30th, 1884.
JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon County, Ill.
Eden & Clark, Sol. for Compt.

Great Reduction —IN— Prices of Harness,

As follows:

SINGLE HARNESS:

From $8.00 to $6.00 per set.
From $10.00 to $8.50. per set, for road carts
From $13 to $10 per set.
From $15 to $12 per set,
From $14 to $11 per set.
From $12 to $9 per set. Full nickel mountings
From $18 to $15 per set.
From $23 to $18 per set.
From $15 to $11 per set. Single strap,
From $19 to $15 per set, Single Strap.

DOUBLE HARNESS:

From $20 to $15 per set.
From $28 to $22 per set.
From $28 to $22 per set, full nickel mountings.
From $30 to $30 per set, full nickel mountings.
From $38 to $30 per set, Full Davis Rubber mountings.

We carry as large a stock of

HARNESS

As any house in the west, all of our own make, which we offer at

Prices That Defy Competition.

We Will Save You Money,

On every article you buy of us,

Come and See Us at the Old Stand.

J. G. STARR & SON.

West Side of Old Square.

THE FAIR.

—OF—

Weaver & Lewis.

Extraordinary Bargains

—IN OUR—

GLASSWARE, CROCKERY AND TIN AND JAPANWARE DEPARTMENTS

THIS WEEK.

To make room for other Goods coming in.

Glassware Departm't.

Covered Berry Dishes, 25, 28 and 42c.
Cracker Dishes, very handsome, 20c.
Cake Stands, extra large, 20c.
Celery Glasses, 18 and 20c.
Covered Pickle Dishes, 12c.
Extra Fine Goblets, only 6c.
Tumblers, 5c.
Mugs, 5 and 6c.
Large Water Pitchers, 42c.
Covered Butter Plates, 12c.
Lamp Chimneys, 5c,
Jelly Glasses, 5, 8 and 9c.
Pickle Dishes, 5 and 6c.
Lamps, all complete, 48 and 53c.
Individual Salts, 25c per dozen,
Mason Jars, 11c—dozen $1 25.
Union Jars, 9c—dozen 98c,

Crockery Department.

Large Water Pitchers, 38 and 52c.
Potel Water Jugs, 25c.
Spittoons, 38c
Bowls, 7, 8 and 10c.
Meat Dishes, 5, 6, 7 and 8c
Turkey Plates, 29 and 33c.
Round Nappies, 8, 9, 10 and 22c.
Large Dinner Plates, 7c.
Pie Plates, 5c.
Butter Plates; 4c.
Ice Cream Plates, 3c.
Teapots, 38c.
Cream Jugs, 10c.
Sugar Bowls, 23, 26 and 49c,
Slop Jars, $1.45 and $1 75.
Fruit Stands, 42c.

Rockingham Ware.

Teapots, 22, 25 and 29c.
Spittoons, 22 and 28c.
Cake Bowls, 19 and 24c.

Tin and Japan Dep't.

We have just received a New Line of Buckets, Preserve Kettles, Teapots, Coffee Pots, Wash Boilers, &c., &c., at less than ONE-FOURTH regular prices.

"THE FAIR"

—OF—

WEAVER & LEWIS,

159 E. Main Street, Decatur.
July 15d3tw1

ATTENTION!

—o—

F. SKELLEY

Wishes to show you his Immence Stock of Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

—At his place of Business—

North Side Franklin St

South East Corner New Square.

He has also on hand

Lewis' Condensed Baking Powder.

Special Closing Out Bargains In Jerseys, Hosiery, Parasols, Gloves, Laces & Embroideries, Lawns, Ginghams, White Goods, Shawls and Linen Dusters.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE

d&w

MRS. M. L. CAIN,

Teacher of Elocution, Dramatic Reading, Oratory and Acting,

will reorganize her class for the Summer, commencing June 23d.

Calisthenics. Physical and Vocal Gymnastics, after Mrs. Cain's own method, giving grace and repose without enlarging the joints, suppleness and elegance without coarseness.

Madame Beatris and Sig. Brignoli's methods for the voice, combined with Mrs. Cain's own natural method of practical voice culture, by which any one can develop a good voice in a short time. Drill in modulation and expression, by which ANY one may become a good reader. Bandenhoff and Delsarte systems taught

Special attention given to Impersonation, Dialect, Bible and Shakespearian Studies

Drill class daily. Private lessons. Class lessons, by arrangement, either in or out of the city. Lectures and essays written or revised.

Mrs. Cain will be assisted by MISS WINTERS, from the celebrated Bandenhoff School of Oratory, New York City.

Public entertainments, engagements, secured. Appearances arranged for in New York, St. Louis or Chicago.

Business hours, 2 to 4 Mondays and Saturdays. Visitors' day, Wednesdays, from 2 to 10.
june23tf

Master's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY. } ss Macon County Circuit Court.

John Sheehan et al. vs. James Sheehan et al. Chancery. Case No. 11[illegible]

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order [illegible] in the above entitled cause in said court at the May term, A. D. 1884, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Saturday the 19th day of July, A. D. 1884

At the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, provided [illegible] shall be equal to two-thirds of the valuation of the land, at the west door of the court house in Decatur in said county, the following described real estate, situated in the county of Macon and state of Illinois, to-wit:

Five acres of land, commencing at the southeast corner of the northwest quarter of section eighteen, [18] township 15 north, range 2 east of the 3d P. M., running thence north twenty [20] rods, thence west forty [40] rods, thence south twenty [20] rods, thence east forty [40] rods to place of beginning, valued at $30 per acre.

Also, commencing five [5] chains north of the center of section eighteen [18], township [16] north, range 2 east of 3d P. M., running thence west 2 chains and 51 links, thence north 15 chains, thence east 2 chains and 51 links to the north and south quarter section line, thence south 15 chains to place of beginning, containing 3 76-100 acres, valued at $30.

Also all of that part of lots 2 and 3 lying south of the Decatur and Springfield road, being in the northwest quarter of section 18 [18], township 16 north, range 2 east of the 3d P. M., containing seven and fifty-two one-hundredth [7 52-100] acres, valued at $30 per acre.

Also, the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section eighteen [18], township 16 north, range 2 east of the 3d P. M., containing 40 acres, valued at $35 per acre.

Also, ten [10] acres off of the west side of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section eighteen, township 16 north, range 2 east of the 3d P. M., valued at $30 per acre; together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third cash on day of sale, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing 6 per cent interest per annum, and a mortgage on the premises to secure the back payments - provided, the purchaser may have the privilege of paying all cash on day of sale. Said sale will be without redemption, and a deed will be made purchasers when sale shall have been approved by the said court.

Decatur, Illinois, June 28, 1884.
JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery.
Walker & Walker, Solicitors for Complainants,

Master's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY, } ss Macon County Circuit Court.

Phillip Huebsamen vs. Martin Fisher et al. Case No. 11,882. In Chancery.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said Court at the May term A. D. 1884, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said Court, on

Saturday, July 19, A. D. 1884.

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, providing the bid upon said premises be equal to at least two-thirds of the valuation upon the same, at the west door of the court house, in Decatur in said county, the following described real estate situated in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to wit: Lot four [4] in Sangamon Addition to the City of Decatur, Illinois, and valued at the sum of $1500.00, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

TERMS OF SALE: One-half of purchase money to be paid cash in hand on day of sale, and the balance in one year, to be secured by a mortgage upon the premises, and the purchaser may at his option pay the entire price bid in cash. Said sale to be without redemption, and deed will be made purchaser on approval of the sale by the Court.

Decatur, Illinois, June 28th, 1884.
JOHN A. BROWN.
Master in Chancery for Macon County, Ill.
David Hutchinson. Sol. for Compt.

Special Commissioner's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY. } ss Macon County Circuit Court.

Clara E. Bell et al vs Charles P. Housum et al. Chancery. Case 11,033.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the May term A. D. 1884. I, John A. Brown, Special Commissioner for said Court, on

Saturday, the 26th Day of July, A. D. 1884,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the west door of the Court House, in Decatur in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit:

Commencing ten (10) chains and sixty-one (61) links south of the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of section fifteen (15), in township sixteen (16), north range two (2) east of the third Principal Meridian, running thence east four (4) chains and twenty and one-half (20½) links, thence south two (2) chains and twenty-eight (28) links to the place of beginning, thence south two (2) chains and twenty-eight links, thence east three (3) chains and twenty-nine and one-half (29½) links, thence north two (2) chains and twenty-eight (28) links, thence west three (3) chains and twenty-nine and one-half (29½) links to the place of beginning, being known as lot eight (8) as platted and recorded in Book 22, on page 119, of the records of said county, situated in the City of Decatur, county of Macon and State of Illinois, appraised at $2,800.00, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

The property is No. 446 South Green street, 152 feet front, 217 feet deep to street leading up to Samuel Powers' residence, contains three-quarters of an acre, and is only two and a half blocks from the Third Ward School House. The house contains seven rooms, good well and cistern and out-buildings, orchard of bearing fruit trees and plenty of small fruits. Very desirable for any one wishing a large lot.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third cash in hand on day of sale, and the balance in two equal payments due each respectively in one and two years said deferred payments to be secured by personal notes of purchasers with approved security, and also by mortgage on real estate sold, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid, with the option to purchaser to pay the whole of said purchase money cash on day of sale. Said sale will be without redemption, and deeds will be made purchaser on approval of sale by said court.

Decatur, Illinois, June 24, 1884.
JOHN A. BROWN, Special Commissioner.
W. C. JOHNS, Solicitor for Complainant,
d&w1w

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel Blackford, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed administrators with the will annexed of the estate of Samuel Blackford late of the County of Macon and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby give notice that they will appear before the County Court of Macon County, at the court house in Decatur, at the August term on the third Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 27th day of June, 1884.
JANE BLACKFORD,
JAMES W. PRITCHETT.
Administrators with the will annexed.
june28-3w

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Estate of Andrew Ivans, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed administratrix of the estate of Andrew Ivans, late of the County of Macon and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the County Court of Macon County, at the court house in Decatur, at the August term, on the third Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 27th day of June, 1884.
MARY V. IVANS, Administratrix.
june28-3w

Executor's Notice.

Estate of WM. F. SPILLMAN, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed executor of the estate of Wm. F. Spillman, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the August term, on the third Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 16th day of June, 1884.
REUBEN BETZER, Executor,
j17d4w

Executor's Notice.

Estate of EDMOND HOLLEY, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed executor of the estate of Edmond Holley, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the August term, on the third Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 16th day of June, 1884.
EDMOND HOLLEY, Executor.
j17d4w

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THOUSANDS!

— OF —

REMNANTS!

Remnants of fine Dress Goods.

Remnants of American Dress Goods.

Remnants of White Goods.

REMNANTS

— OF —

Every Description!

— OF —

DRY GOODS!

— AND —

CARPETS

That Will Be Sold

WONDERFULLY CHEAP,

— Commencing —

MONDAY, JULY 7.

Linn & Scruggs.

THE REVIEW.

THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1884

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Pure New York State Cider, at MARCOTT & KREBS j12tf

Come out to the democratic rally Saturday evening. It will be a grand affair

The third band concert of the season will be given in the city park this evening.

Dry stove wood, cord wood and chunks at McClelland's, Telephone, 21. j8dtf

Fine spare ribs at Henry Bauer's, No 323 East Main street, at five cents a pound. j26dtf

Indications point to an immense crop of corn. Wheat is turning out much better than was expected

The James G. Blaine Club Hat for sale at Fleury's One-Price Clothing House. Call and inquire for sample.

As well expect life without air, as health without pure blood. Cleanse the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. d&w1w.

James Carroll was arrested last evening on a warrant charging him with selling liquor in less quantities than a gallon.

Dr. Hoskins has a young lady as an assistant, in his dental office on East Main street, who is always in attendance. j6d1w

A Steam Renovator, for cleaning and drying feathers and mattresses, for sale cheap, at No. 631 North Main street. 17d&w1w

From July 19 to 23 the P. D & E, will sell round trip excursion tickets to Minneapolis for $15. Tickets good to return until Aug 15th, 1884

An elocutionary entertainment will be given at the Universalist church on Friday evening, by Miss Kate P. Ricketts, a very talented young lady.

The P. D. & E. pay car passed through here yesterday afternoon on its return trip to Peoria. The boys at this place received their June pay.

The funeral of Snellona, daughter of Mr. and Mrs C. B. Stough, took place yesterday forenoon from the family residence, on North Church street.

A traveling photographer has been in the city several days, taking views of the leading business houses and of some of the more handsome residences.

Conductor Horace Morgan, of the Wabash, was in the city yesterday. He has recently been running the Cannon Ball from Chicago to Kansas City, via Jacksonville

There will be a democratic entertainment at Spooner & Sprague's hall, in Blue Mound on to morrow and Saturday evenings. The casts will be entirely of home talent

The pension board met yesterday and examined five applicants for pensions. One hailed from Niantic, two from Warrensburg, one from Farmer City and one from Decatur,

Mr. D. Heidelbaugh and Miss Diana Clements will be united in the holy bonds of wedlock at the residence of Mr C S. Lewis, in Blue Mound, this evening. The bride is a sister of Mrs. Lewis

The case of the people vs. Ol Kincaid and Scott Williams, who were arrested for highway robbery, was called for trial before Squire Lowry yesterday, but was again continued It will come up again to day.

Big drive in Gents' Low Cut Shoes at L. L Ferris & Co's Go there now Also their Gents' $3 00 high cut, stylish shoes, with their name and price stamped in the sole, are new, good and unequaled anywhere. july16d&wtf

The case of Lizzie A. McANerner vs Frederick Starbott, charged with using abusive langauge was tried before Squire Lowry yesterday, and resulted in Starbott being fined five dollars and costs, which will foot up about twenty five dollars.

The following teachers have been engaged by the school board of Pleasant View township for the ensuing school year: J. B. Kerr, Pleasant View; C. M. Parker, Old Blue Mound; Miss Minnie Clements, Lincoln, J K. Lundy, Washington, Elmer Crocker, Turner.

James M. Hiatt, whom everybody in Decatur knows from frequently seeing his name in the paper in connection with a case in court, is now quietly living at Pekin with his family. Hiatt has cleared himself of all charges preferred against him, except the one of perjury, which was entered at Pontiac by his wife.

George Ferguson and Fred. Hicks were fined five dollars and costs each by Squire Curtis, yesterday, for vagrancy, and in default of payment both were sent to the chain gang. They were arrested on Tuesday evening and had a cold chisel and other implements with which they could easily have committed a burglary.

A warrant was sworn out before Squire Curtis yesterday morning for the arrest of Douglas Mullens. The complainant was Doug's better half, on whom he had been practically illustrating his pugilistic proclivities, and to which she had seriously objected. Doug will be arrested and given a chance to explain the charge preferred against him.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad has had one of its old conductors arrested for what is commonly known as "knocking down." In other words retaining cash fares paid on the train, instead of turning them into the company. They will endeavor to prove the man guilty of embezzlement and at the same time make a test case of the matter. Formerly when a road caught a conductor at the trick, he was dismissed from the service, and that was the end of it but the B. & O. has determined to punish them to the full extent of the law.

Cœur de Leon lodge No 17, K. of P. will hold a meeting this evening and complete arrangements for going to Oreana the first of next week, where Friendship Lodge No 126, will be instituted. The new lodge will start with about twenty four members. About twenty five members of the order from this city and a like number from Maroa will be in attendance

Considerable excitement was created yesterday morning by a clamorous fire alarm, which was occasioned by the dence smoke issuing from the basement of Korsmeyer & O'Neill's store. A workman had dropped a match into some asphaltum, which was burning slowly when discovered. The flames were promptly extinguished with a small hose, and with but a few dollars loss to the firm.

In speaking of an entertainment recently given at Mattoon by Miss Kate E. Ricketts, who is to appear at the Universalist church in this city to morrow evening, the Commercial of that city says: "The reading given by Miss Kate Ricketts last Friday evening was well attended and very greatly enjoyed. Miss Ricketts is a young lady of fine form and features; with eyes that can implore, inspire, and wither by turns; and a voice of unusual compass and flexibility. Her sudden changes from one key to another, and the ease and perfectness with which she expressed the widely varied sentiments of the selections rendered, showed not only a high order of natural ability but that consummate skill which conceals the long and weary work of which it is the product. The crowning effort of the evening was in the letter scene from Macbeth, where astonishment, gladness, fell purpose, distrust, and unconquerable resolution follow each other in quick succession. Her invocation to the "spirits that tend on mortal thoughts," the "murthering ministers" that "wait on nature's mischief," was terrible in its intensity and power. If no misfortune befalls Miss Ricketts she has a brilliant future as an artist before her. When ever she may choose to visit Mattoon again, she will receive a warm welcome and be greeted by a large and enthusiastic audience.

Grand Ratification.

The democrats of Macon county will meet on Saturday night, on the old square, to ratify the nominations of Cleveland and Hendricks. Speakers from abroad as well as local talent will address the crowd. Committees have been appointed to make all necessary arrangement for a grand time. A general turn out from the town and county is expected

Street Swindles.

The practice of granting license to peripatetic street venders and swindlers is a pernicious one. The old "fake" of selling brass jewelry and other worthless articles was attempted last night under cover of a city license. It progressed sometime till a REVIEW reporter saw the 'gag," and recalled a description of the party and their methods from the Leroy Press. Alderman Lake read this, and gave the fellow to know that his "gag" was understood. He made a show of virtuous indignation, but quickly drove off. To show how the game would have ended, we copy the following from the Press, published at Leroy, McLean county, Ills:

"A fellow came to town on Saturday with a grip sack filled with brass watches and jewelry, handkerchiefs, &c. He stood in a carriage, in the shade of VanDeventer's drug store, and a couple of darkeys picked a tune on their banjos and drew a crowd. Then the vender of snide watches and jewelry made a speech. He said that some street salesmen advertised by throwing handfuls of bank bills and coin for the crowd to scramble for, but his style of advertising was to give a prize with each article sold. He offered a dozen sleeve buttons at a quarter a pair, for which there were quick buyers, and when all were sold he gave as a prize to each buyer a quarter dollar and a handkerchief. Then a dozen finger-rings at a half dollar each found eager buyers, and each buyer got a silver dollar as a prize. Serious work was then begun, and eighty-one brass watch chains were sold at a dollar apiece. "Don't go away, gentlemen," said the swindler, "wait a little and you'll all get a prize." Four brass watches at ten dollars each were held up for sale, and with each was a pocket book for a prize. "I don't know that there is anything in these pocketbooks," said he; "if there is any money in them, it will be your money; if there is nothing in them, it will be my gain; I think there is nothing in them, but if they contain money, it will all be yours." He got this off a number of times, saying each time that he thought there was nothing in the pocketbooks, but by his manner and cunning words he impressed the crowd with the belief that there was money in each pocketbook. Soon a watch was sold for a clean ten-dollar bill. "Now," said he to the greenhorn who had parted with his money, "stand here by the side of the carriage and hold the watch and pocket-book, but don't open it just now." Finally four watches were disposed of, and then a three-cent handkerchief and a tin whistle were given to the buyers of chains, the horses were touched with the whip, and away went the swindler as fast as he could out of town, taking with him probably a profit of one hundred dollars. The fellow was sharper than a two edged sword, and the people seemed eager to be swindled"

After Alderman Lake had ordered the fellow off the old square, last evening, he drove to the vacant lot east of Keefe & Kraft's, and in less than a half an hour he had taken in at least a hundred dollars on his cheap jewelry. He gave a snide silk handkerchief to each purchaser, but did not attempt to sell any watches.

Beds and mattresses cleaned and renovated at half price, this week only. J. B Nooe, 631 North Water street. July 15-2d.

PRACTICAL ART IN ILLINOIS

And Something That Art Clubs Can Do For It.

Foreigners, notably the French, [illegible] tell us that America can never become renowned as the home of Art, because we have no great metropolis destined to become an art center like their beloved Paris. 'Paris is France,' we hear constantly reiterated. This certainly is a fact as far as French art is concerned. Paris produces, exhibits, criticizes, buys and sells, and the rest of the world is none the wiser, or would be if 'all the world' didn't go there to see.

Monsieur can form no idea of any other state of affairs much as he prefers America and the Americans to his near Briton neighbor, he regretfully acknowledges that England has much better chances, in the way of art development, than we, 'because they have London,' and besides, don't you see,' they are near to Paris.'

But history affords me some consolation. I look back over the period of Italian supremacy in the world of art, and I see not one great city instructing and controling all progress, but a condition precisely analogous to our own—a multitude of independent, free cities generous rivals in a peaceful yet glorious contest. Should it not shame us, when we think of Florence, Ferrara, Bologna and Lucca, Modena, Parma, Pisa, Padua, Urbino and Naples, all blooming and blossoming with the richest products of man's imagination and not one, at the best, half as large as St Louis! Oh those wonderful days of the renaissance, when shall something of that spirit be breathed over our broad land!

But it is not Italian art that we want now. Its day has passed with the vigor of the people and the Catholic fervor that inspired it.

Nor is it German art that we want with its heavy forms and classical folds of drapery. Yet we would do well in our painting to study its rich harmonious coloring, and emulate ever its purity and loftiness of aim.

We don't want modern French art with its licentiousness and license. We are not a nation of libertines.

But we do want its perfection of technique, its wonderful drawing, its intense realism that takes us out doors when he paints a landscape, and keeps him there until it is done. We can have no characteristic American art until we have learned that same fidelity to nature. Why if our prairies could only be painted as they really are, what wonder and admiration they would excite among those trained to appreciate faithful transcripts of nature! European landscapists would come in throngs to share our privileges as they go now to paint the vast stretches of the Sahara.

Our western towns are as picturesque in their very bareness as any old-world castle, and our country life is certainly higher in its capabilities of expression than the peasant scenes of France and Germany. Millet was great because he embued all his delineations of country life with a certain touching pathos, which was perhaps without its counterpart in nature. How much grander the American life, that patriotism, that striving towards something nobler and better, that breath of the excelsior spirit which murmurs over all our proud land which dots with school houses our broad fields, and rears the church spires in heaven-pointing diadems over every town and hamlet, the spirit that fills our homes with music and books, that makes the school lyceum or debating society a necessity in country places, and Chautauqua clubs, and conventions and institutes, and popular lectures, welcome wherever they penetrate, or rather, demands and organizes them before the first year's harvest is threshed! What a privilege to be an American! There are few things for which I feel more truly thankful.

One has well written: "We may study the works of the classic artist, but we cannot imitate them. Each one of us must sing his own song. Like Regnault we may admire Michael Angelo as first and greatest, and like him, feel that we cannot tell our story in his way." It has taken years to make the American public understand that sculpture is not necessarily and always a naked gladiator or a bathing Venus. We have fondly imagined that because the spirit of classical days was so perfectly expressed in those admirable works, that we must do exactly the same thing, and perpetuate Hercules and Apollos through all time. What incongruity! We are not living in the day. Haven't we any thoughts of our own? Do you not see what a grand future is open to the new American school?

But I am not worrying over the east. In Paris I am American. But these states are too vast, the miles too many, I cannot grasp it all. At home, I am emphatically of the west, and always want to cry "Hurrah for Illinois, the best state in the Union!"

In the east, when Illinois is mentioned it is understood to mean big cities, big cornfields and big hogs. They consider us useful if not ornamental—couldn't get along without us—but are quite content to let us remain the kitchen-garden and pig-pen of the Union. But we are something more. Aesthetic Boston [illegible] herself find a peer in the very West in prairies. We shall soon meet the east on their own ground and not suffer by the contrast, for we have growth, and strength and ambition. It is not quite like introducing a new civilization into a heathen tribe. We study aesthetics, we have some feeling for harmony and our perspective, composition are not entirely closed books to us. A great movement forward is soon to come, and a long step is being made to-day.

I am surprised and disappointed that Chicago should permit her rival to outstrip her so far in this matter of culture. Chicago has a very good art school, but no permanent collection worthy of mention. St Louis, on the other hand has a fine [illegible] dedicated to art, and a gallery that is already known in Europe as containing some master-pieces, and much good work.

Never mind! Chicago will wake up one of these bright mornings. Some newspaper man will sound the alarm, and tell how St Louis has surpassed them while they slept. A subscription of a million or two will be raised before night, and some Old Country collection be bought out entire! Strange things have happened in this wonderful hurry [illegible]

This will do for talk, and the great gallery, (when it comes) for show, but the culture and training must be more widely spread, and that is your part.

I want to see something done in all these towns 'round about us, something more than the study of Lubke and Winkleman, not the literature of art, but the art itself. It is practical and easy—the scheme I have in mind—and its results may be astonishing.

First a little incident, more or less true, which I promise you you will not like. One Christmas vacation, three years ago I was wandering with a friend through the gallery of early Italian masters in the Louvre. A sculptor friend joining us, asked laughingly, as he pointed to the picture, 'What do you know about Ghirlandajo or Benozzo Gozzoli?' I acknowledged meekly that in our little Illinois town there were a score of ladies who were far better posted in regard to these historical personages and their works than I ever hoped to be. "Yes" he continued, 'and that's all the good it does them, most likely. They'll get together and talk those old fellows over, and nearly break their 'specs' peering through them at wood cuts of the things, and then, never a word for those who are trying to make artists of themselves. I know one good art 'clubist,' who laughs at every attempt her girl makes to draw, and shakes a broom at Johnny's head if he dares to hint at bringing modeling clay into the house. Let some old jug be turned up in Cyprus, or a smoky 'probable' Murillo come to New York and they are all excitement, and call a special meeting of the club at once to discuss the matter, but a boy of real artistic promise can grow up in the next house, and try to do something, and waste years in trying, and finally give up the one great joy of his life, and settle down a mere laborer or drudge, without a word of sympathy or a single suggestion as to how best develop his talent."

"See where we might have been by this time if we had had a little help. Think of the chaps at home that might have been 'way ahead of us if they had been urged to go to work and told how to do it. Think of the girls growing up ninnies at home, because they have nothing in the world to think about. There are plenty of them that might do well in some line of art, if they were encouraged to begin and to keep at it.

"I tell you it's all bosh and affectation; if these folks that know so much about old, dead art, really loved it so dearly," they would do something for the live art around them."

Well, I felt that the fellow was a base slanderer. I knew that my own experience had been quite different. My greatest encouragement had come constantly from the members of the home art club, and I have always felt really proud that our little town contained enough thinking, cultivated ladies to make such an organization a success.

And yet, may there not be some slight foundation for the rude criticisms of my misanthropic friend? Are these art clubs and classes doing all in their power to encourage the efforts of beginners in practical art, and are they using every day of their vast stores of information to illumine the pathway of those who must work and cannot read? I fear me that many are hiding their lights under a bushel. I am sure that this neglect is in almost every case the result of diffidence or thoughtlessness, although it looks very much like selfishness to one standing where he can see both sides of the question, the needs of one party, the ability to aid on the other hand, and between—a great gulf.

ENCOURAGEMENT OF HOME ART

I wonder how many of the organizations here represented have a committee on Home Art. I do not mean household art and domestic decorations—No danger of that being left out—but a committee whose business it shall be to look into the little studios and artistic corners of the town; the improvised studios in back kitchens, or in the old bath room, the play art gallery in the attic, the little pottery out in the dry goods box under the cherry tree,—in short, wherever bright eyes and nervous fingers are endeavoring to guide pencil or charcoal, wherever paint box and oil bottle are slowly emptying their marvelous contents upon the stretched canvas. A committee that shall have a good deal of Christian charity in it that can smile and say, "Well done" or if the work isn't, can say honestly what is the matter making the beginner feel, at any rate, that his efforts are appreciated, and that his work though bad enough is worth looking at. Be sure he will try again. And if the committee, clad in official dignity, tell him when they are coming again, he will look forward to that day with impatience. You will soon see a change in his work. A few visits and you will be astonished to find the corner "where Johnny keeps his traps" transformed into a studio. Johnny will have acquired new importance in the eyes of the family. Mother will have found for him, likely as not, some room up stairs, with a north light, and he will await you there surrounded by his work, and proud as a king.

Encourage by all means those who have [illegible] talent [illegible] their [illegible] work and [illegible] in the back yard of a humble dwelling [illegible]. The boy of the house [illegible] but his clay modeling [illegible] that little shed as his studio papered the walls and decorated them with scraps of engravings and his own drawings. His father has promised him a window to put in the roof for a sky-light and his mother at last accorded [illegible] out with cucumber vines [illegible] unique atelier [illegible] cool [illegible]

There were none [illegible] as long [illegible] except Saturday [illegible] self most fortunate [illegible] with me.

He came to me [illegible] to announce his first order, 'a bas relief woman' for his grandmother's millinery store. She wanted the bust for her show window to hang bonnets on.

I fancy when I look back upon this year's visit at home, few things will afford me greater pleasure than the memory of this boy's earnestness and the thought that my suggestions [illegible] given him some [illegible] this period of his life, when [illegible] ance and the mastery of some strong purpose.

But to return to ways and means. I would urge the creation of such a committee in every art society, and look upon its report as one of the important features of each session, or at each interval as might be deemed suitable but not less frequently than once a month. [illegible] abridgement of these reports go into the local papers along with the account of your [illegible] Insist upon having the items all together under the head of "Art Notes," or "Home Art," or something of the sort. It will attract more attention, and aid to keep up an interest.

OBJECTIONS

I proposed this committee and attendant [illegible] ings to one art club and they said, "Great Heavings! when do you expect us to run around and see everybody in town that draws and paints and models?" And, being young and thoughtless I had the presumption to suggest that if necessary they might let Menes' running rest for just one week longer and Cambyses' tomb and the Chiesa [illegible] of Perugino and the door knob of Santa Maria della Salute. Adjourn one meeting and start out in pilgrimage to do some real practical service for their town.

Speaking of newspaper reports it occurs to me, but I hesitate to make suggestion to the Art Union, that a fortnightly or monthly journal to be published by this combination of societies would be acceptable to many. With an editor-in-chief to be elected here, and an associate in each local organization to send in an occasional essay from the society productions and a regular summary of artistic doings in that place a most entertaining and valuable little periodical could be inaugurated, which would work wonders, I am sure—at least make us well acquainted one with another.

ART EXHIBITION

A second and most efficient means of promoting interest is the exhibition. A single one will attract far more attention than you would dream of but in order to benefit appreciably the home artist it must be made a permanent affair. Let it be understood that it is to come as regularly as the winter, and you will see the preparations and work it will call out, and such improvement from year to year as will gratify you. Perhaps you will say that you have not enough material in your town to get up a respectable exhibit. Then let me entreat you with all earnestness to organize this coming winter a small and poor exhibit. The labor will be less, and you will, notwithstanding, have done something. We heard the same story in Champaign last fall, when the exhibition was first proposed. And when in February, the doors were opened for entering articles and a whole forenoon passed with no results but a dog's head on a tambourine the croakers were jubilant.

But the day cleared up, the products of Champaign's genius began to pour in. Three or four active boys were sent rushing in all directions to expostulate with those that couldn't [illegible] and to bring back pictures [illegible] carved boxes decorated [illegible] whatever they could lay hold of. Our large room was filled and likewise an annex and the result after arranging was an exceedingly attractive display. Some of the dogs' heads were pretty glaring, to be sure and the 'Monarch of the Glen' stared at us from every panel but the room in its entirety was pretty and at night with plenty of illumination really gorgeous. I told my friends that little hall was far more interesting to me than ever I had found the salon [illegible] I own [illegible] it expressed a great [illegible] 'Progress' and a transformation in the spirit of our town.

And the people came out too to see! The fact that it was all home work seemed the great charm. Almost every store keeper in town was there, not that they were particularly interested in art, but they felt it was a good thing for the place and should be encouraged. A reputation for such things is worth as much in the way of bringing a good class of citizens to a town as are manufacturing companies or sugar and bagging factories or any other useful industry.

The croakers said that it would interfere with the county fair and its art exhibit [illegible] inquiry [illegible] tion that [illegible] est would be awakened. [illegible] quite anxious to accept [illegible] mer Exhibition [illegible] and better work [illegible]

These items [illegible] suggest [illegible] ring up the people in this matter but the great question still remains how is the work to be improved? How are our young artists with their lack of facilities, to make any progress. The remedy is simply [illegible] always have [illegible] ready to offer "Home Sketch Clubs," [illegible] misnomer, in order to make myself understood. One cannot sketch [illegible] but people [illegible] Clubs [illegible]

To fully [illegible] you should [illegible] rooms of the Champaign Art Students League a visit. Do not all come together. It is not as large as the Beaux Arts in Paris, but then it has not been in operation for two centuries. We took possession of the Art Exhibition hall the evening after the exhibit closed, and within three weeks had a working membership of thirty. At almost no expense the room has been made to look like an art school with conveniences for work. Art sketch classes of the city art schools the members take turns in posing in costume, for drawing and modeling in clay. We are limited to these for the present as painting cannot be done to advantage by gas light. Hired models [illegible] occasionally to lounge and more careful studies. We meet three times a week. I hope to hear next winter that the hall is open every evening. In the summer they will sketch in the woods and fields and in the University art gallery.

In the little school or League as we call it thus successfully inaugurated one can work if he only thinks so, with just as good profit as in any ordinary art academy [illegible] without expense of tuition. The work is the same, looking and drawing. The machinery is simple, the study delightful, the results [illegible] greater moment than any of us can estimate. The only wonder is that it has not been thought of before!

I firmly believe that a single year's work of this organization will produce a marked change in the character and appreciation of our home art. While standing upon the question this winter I have sometimes been tempted to start out and preach an art revival in our neighboring towns, turn art evangelist and endeavor to show our good people how much is at most within their grasp, and yet utterly unappreciated by them at present.

Now will you not tell your young people when you go home, what they can do for themselves. Tell them that if 20 or 30 of them will club together they can fit up a room sufficiently well at an expense of a dollar apiece. There is always a room somewhere that can be had for almost nothing. If hard pushed take an attic put in a good sky-light and they will have as good a light for painting and day work as any Parisian studio. They can at least meet around at their homes. If they worry over lack of instruction tell them to study each other's work and compare with the charcoal head reproduced in the art amateur and interchange, then not to be particular over sharp pencil points and stippled shading but to take their charcoal and draw boldly the objects just as they see them. That's the best guide. Tell them this with some energy and enthusiasm, and see if they don't make the attempt. If they can find some one capable of leading and teaching, so much the better.

In your suggestions urge above all things the constant working from nature. It is the only practice that gives strength and confidence. If they want to make an ideal head, have some suitable physiognomy, stand, all the same, by which to verify the picture. If they want to compose a picture, [illegible] the models [illegible] them. Mother reading. The boys playing [illegible] Little sister [illegible] Original subjects. None but a master can hit upon the best possible combination of lines without first trying and posing the model in many ways and even he will not attempt to paint a stroke until he has the reality spread out before him.

Teach them to see the beauty all around them, the gentle gradation of tints in the landscape, the play of light and shade on a fold of drapery, the wonderful structure of the human form. A week ago I gave each of my pupils in a little class I have been teaching a clover leaf to model. It was a revelation to them. One girl, who had a decided talent and has done well in wood carving, exclaimed 'Why we have a whole yard full of leaves and flowers and I never noticed them—that is I never thought I could use them' and added, laughingly, "I supposed that all the ideas were in the Art Amateur."

There remains within your reach many other means by which you can promote the study and appreciation of art in your town. My time grows short, so I shall but mention a few more of these.

DRAWING IN THE COMMON SCHOOLS

I need not stop here to recount the claims of Industrial Art. You know as well as I do that France is rich because her products return and will sell. And that is the result of widespread art education from every town to every [illegible] Our school boards know it too [illegible] every week in newspapers and pamphlets [illegible] joyfully its fruit without the shadow of [illegible] then that here is a lesson for them [illegible] providing similar advantages for our school children, they will be doing the greatest and most beneficial work of all their administration.

In one town of this state a number of professional artists [illegible] free evening school for the benefit of such [illegible] drawing [illegible] special [illegible] the leading [illegible] all discouraged by them and not [illegible]

Urge this point [illegible] these towns [illegible] have its free evening drawing school. But if your society does not yet feel equal to the task of supporting [illegible] such an institution and help from the school board is entirely out of the question [illegible] pursue then constantly upon the subject of drawing in the city schools [illegible] success of the most [illegible] perfect person available should be employed and to whom should be given the entire direction of the study in all the rooms.

TILE FACTORIES

I refer to no more promising than the exceedingly common place sheds and kilns where ordinary drain tiles are produced. [illegible] that you would never have associated them in your minds with the progress of high art culture. Nevertheless we have found at home that the clay used for the tile is suitable for modeling, if properly prepared and there is no reason why it should not make as well in the form of vases and busts and medallions as in the unaesthetic drain pipe and [illegible] of our country [illegible] point to brick and terra cotta architecture as the style of the west when we shall have a style. Its evolution is a problem for your cultured minds. You can do more here than you imagine.

POPULAR LECTURES ON ART

The local organizations could accomplish much good by inaugurating popular illustrated lectures upon these subjects. At the time when Dr Gregory [illegible] the founding of the Art Gallery at Champaign, he gave a number of familiar talks on art [illegible] Champaign and Urbana illustrating with the [illegible] It is safe to say that no entertainment ever attracted more attention there, or [illegible] than did those five lectures. If now [illegible] speaker could be found [illegible] something of the sort be done under your patronage in each place here represented [illegible] be made this coming winter. Prof Ross of the State University, has some good lectures on Industrial Art and on the Advantages of Learning to Draw" which with his capital blackboard illustrations would be the thing, I am sure for arousing the school children. And I [illegible] that Prof Ives of Washington University, St Louis, is just the man for a [illegible] torical lecture course—if he only can be persuaded to sacrifice a portion of his time to the missionary labor.

TOWN ART COLLECTIONS

In traveling through France and Belgium, there are few features of the country which more surprise an American than the existence in almost every town of a little art gallery often small and unpretentious, both in its contents and its demeanor but nevertheless a [illegible] place of interest to the traveler, and a subject of great pride to the town's people. I wish that our people here would imitate those simple villagers in this respect. Nothing would be easier or furnish more agreeable occupation to an art club than the gathering together and arranging of such a collection.

The low price of casts or antique statuary even life-size figures and groups render them accessible to all. When you come to Champaign we will show you how much of a collection can be gotten together for twenty-five hundred dollars. This sum was contributed by the people of the two towns, and the result was a collection of casts probably unequalled in the west. Where expensive copies cannot be had, Braun's large photographic reproductions of famous paintings are invaluable for the study of European art.

I believe, too that many artists would be glad to contribute to so worthy an object. We like to see our works in public collections. For my part I would deem it a privilege to donate a piece of modeling to any collection founded upon a solid basis by your societies.

Here now you see an appropriate object for the application of the exhibition proceeds. Probably, if you were to depend upon it alone, for means to establish a public art gallery the collection would be extremely modest. It would be advisable to awaken first an interest in the matter by lectures etc, then take up the generous subscriptions which western people give to everything, after that have it understood that the receipts of the annual exhibit be directed towards the support and increase of the permanent gallery. It would succeed.

This Art Union is the only organization of the kind in the country. It may well be a matter of pride to us that our 'Farmer state' has an intelligence so advanced and so refined as to produce such results. Surely the reproach of the last must soon be removed from us! Let us return now to our homes with a determination to share our privileges if there is any pleasure or profit in the study to make it known to others and by every means in our power to make our town a little center of art culture and an influence for good around about.

Thus we shall be all the more proud of this grand state yet closer united to our fellow-citizens, and for many a long year after our time, the Art Union and its works will be remembered with gratitude.

PERSONAL.

Miss Annie Laux is visiting in Macon.

Nick Laux was in Warrensburg yesterday

Thomas Kirk, of Wellington, O, is in the city.

Mrs Charles Hopping is visiting in Knoxville, Ia.

Dr. W. J. Chenoweth was in Bethany and Niantic yesterday.

B. I. Sterrett has gone to Pennsylvania on a visit to relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Hill went to Chicago yesterday noon

H. A Nichols and son, of Bloomington, were in the city yesterday.

Mrs John W. Tyler and her daughter, Miss Allie, left yesterday for Denver.

P. H. Hunt is home from Springfield, where he has some large stone contracts

Mrs James Ham and son Fred, returned home yesterday from Jacksonville

Miss Carrie Wills, of Bloomington is in the city visiting her brother Ed and family.

Burt Woodruff, of Bloomington, who has been visiting in this city for several weeks, returned home yesterday.

C. W. Pringle went back to Chicago yesterday evening. His minstrel company will take the road August second.

Charlie Laux, of the St Nicholas, and son Jim left yesterday evening for Terre Haute to visit for a couple of days.

Mrs. Rev. D. W. Dresser, of Champaign, and Miss Ella Van Deren, of Chicago, are guests of W. B Rush and family.

J. S Harah and Frank Jack visited the capital city yesterday, and among other matters of interest took in the lecture of Custodian Powers, at the Lincoln monument.

Harry C. Tanner is acting as secretary of the Y. M C. A in the absence of Mr. Temple, who is in attendance upon a sick brother at Sparta, Randolph county, Ill.

C. H. Callaway and family, of Centrall, have arrived here and will make this city their future home. Mr. Callaway will take an important position in the wood department of the Iron Felloe Wagon works.

Mr. Vol E. Sayre, proprietor of the Archer House, Fairbury, Illinois, was in the city yesterday. He is a brother of Mr. Lew Sayre of the REVIEW force, beside which he is a very affable gentleman, and "knows how to keep a hotel."

A F. Smith, of the State Sentinel, will leave Sunday evening for Chicago, and will go from there to Pittsburg to attend the National Prohibition convention, which will be held in that city on the twenty second of this month. Rev. D. L. Bunn is a delegate to the convention.

SPECIAL!

We are are making a Specialty of

BUILDERS' HARDWARE

And invite the attention of CARPENTERS, CONTRACTORS and all who contemplate Building, to our

Complete

Stock of goods in this line. We know that we can Please you if

QUALITY, STYLE AND LOW PRICES

Can be considered any Inducement.

MOREHOUSE, WELLS & Co.

Millinery Department.

Miss Annie McDonald

—WILL HAVE CHARGE OF OUR—

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

From this date. We solicit the patronage of the public, Guaranteeing Entire Satisfaction in Quality, Style and Price.

S. C. HATCH & BRO.,

143 East Main St., - - Powers' Block

HEAD QUARTERS

—FOR—

GROCERIES

—AND—

PROVISIONS

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS AND CANNED GOODS

TEA and COFFEE

A Specialty, and at Lowest Prices.

D. H. HEILMAN

COAL!

The Decatur Coal Company Sell Coal at their Mine in Decatur,

At $1.75 Per Ton.

NEW SERIES

Of Stock in the

SAVINGS FUND BUILDING

ASSOCIATION.

Subscription Now Open for the 6th Series,

Commencing TUESDAY MAY 27th, at the office of

WARREN & DURFEE.

The very best kind of an investment for Monthly Savings, Real Estate Security and ample profits if you stay in, and 6 per cent. interest if you withdraw

If you are TIRED PAYING RENT, buy a lot and, build you a house through a loan from the Association and own your dwelling at the end of the series clear of incumberance. may19dtf

Danzeisen & Son

NEW MEAT MARKET

HAVE OPENED THEIR

NEW MEAT MARKET

—AT—

No 16, Merchant St.

Which has been fitted up with new fixtures and everything put in the most complete order. We will keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Ham, Bacon, Sausage, Lard etc., etc., etc.,

WE SELD ONLY THE BEST QUALITY OF MEATS.

Danzeisen & Son.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Now Open!

AND READY FOR BUSINESS.

FIRE! SMOKE! WATER!

$67,000

worth of fine custom and ready-made Clothing, slightly damaged by water in the late fire, 428, 430 and 432 Broome Street, New York, will be placed on sale Monday, May 19, and continue from day to day until the entire stock is sold. Never before have the people been offered such inducements as will be offered by the

Great New York FIRE STORE.

NOTE A FEW OF THE STARTERS.

1385 Mens' Cassimere suits worth $12.00, ordered sold by the Insurance Company for $3.75.

Great New York Fire Store,

C. A. Carter's Block, West Side Old Square.

874 All wool cassimere suits, 18 different styles to select from, worth $16, ordered sold by the insurance company at $5.60.

Great New York Fire Store,

C. A. Carter's Block, West Side Old Square.

453 fine worsted dress suits in Prince Albert and Four-Button Cutaway-style. Among this lot not one worth less than $22.50. Our Price $11.25.

Great New York Fire Store,

C. A. Carter's Block, West Side Old Square.

1158 Boys suits at $1.65, $2.00, $2.25, $2.40, $2.65 and $3.00, worth treble the amount.

These are a few of our Great Bargains in the clothing department.

C. A. Carter's Block, West Side Old Square

Odd Pants! Odd Pants!

860 Pairs Good Cashmere Pants at $1.00, worth $3.00 to $3.50

524 Pairs Fine All Wool Worsted Pants at $2.15, worth $5.00 to $5.50.

Great New York Fire Store.

C. A. Carter's Block, W. Side Sq.

Odd Vests! Odd Vests!

852 Odd Vests from 25c to $1.00. Not one among the lot worth less than $1.50.

Furnishing Goods Dept.

Heavy Overalls and Waists at 25c, sold elsewhere at 75c.

Heavy Working Shirts at 15c worth 65c.

Fine White Shirts at 50c worth $1.00.

275 Dozen Fancy Men's Half Hose at 5c per pair, sold by other dealers at 25c.

Great New York Fire Store,

C. A. Carter's Blk. W. Side Sq

Hats! Hats! Hats!

Men's Wool Hats at 25c, worth $1.00.

Men's Fine Fur Hats at 75c, worth $2.50.

18,000 Men's Stiff Hats, all shapes, at 25c. Regular price elsewhere $2.50.

Boy's Stiff and Soft Hats at 15c worth $1.25.

Special attention is called to our stock of HATS.

DEALERS

Will find it to their interest to call on us before purchasing their goods

Great New York Fire Store,

C. A. Carter's Block, West Side Old Square.

Decatur, Illinois.

THE REVIEW.

JACK & MISER, Proprietors.

127 East Main street, Decatur, Illinois.

PROHIBITION IN IOWA.

An Attempt to Enforce the New Liquor Law in Marshalltown Nearly Results in a Riot.

A Plucky Female Saloon-Keeper Insists on Selling Beer in Spite of Frequent Arrests.

The Sheriff Compelled to Perform His Duty in the Face of a Determined Mob with Fire-Arms.

Brewers Organizing to Test the Law.

A LIVELY TIME IN AN IOWA TOWN.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., July 15.—The result of an attempt to enforce the new Prohibitory Liquor law in this city nearly resulted in a riot yesterday afternoon. Mrs. May Blank, who was keeping a beer saloon when the law went into effect July 3, closed up business in common with the other twenty-seven saloon-keepers in the town. On Saturday she again commenced the open sale of beer. In the evening the crowd was so large that a perpetual struggle was kept up to get near the bar, and twenty-two kegs of beer were sold before the place was closed. Circumstances created the belief that Mrs. Blank had been put forward by the proprietors of the Marshall brewery to lay the foundation of a case that should test the validity of the new law. The impression has since been confirmed by the brewers. They thought, they say, that it was quite proper the law should be tested. If beer could not be manufactured and sold here they wished to know it, so they could arrange to go to some State where they could pursue their business unmolested. On Monday the place was opened again. The officers and leaders of the Temperance Alliance at once began to act. They took the names of some twenty or thirty men whom they thought could be relied upon to testify truthfully and without attempt at evasion. From these names seven were selected from the same principle, and the papers were taken out. Dr. Watson Roberts swore to the information before Justice Haradon. The Sheriff served the warrant and brought the offender into court, where she was granted a continuance until Saturday, giving bail in the sum of $350. She immediately returned to her place and continued to deal out the beer to a crowd that continued to increase. Monday night another information was sworn, a warrant issued, and the Sheriff sought to serve it. As he entered the crowded saloon to make the arrest Mine. Blank drew a pair of navy revolvers and refused to be arrested. The Sheriff retired, procured assistance, and made the arrest in defiance of a terrible resistance on the part of Mrs. Blank and the mob that had gathered. Revolvers were drawn, stones thrown, and a riot seemed for a time imminent, but the Sheriff, protected by his deputies, placed his prisoner in jail. The mob gathered around the jail and threatened to tear it down unless the prisoner was released. She was held, however, till the necessary bonds had been given, when she was allowed to go. She was carried several times around the public square by the howling crowd, when it finally dispersed. It is said that there are many threats made against the lives and property of the informers. Marshall County gave 740 majority for the amendment.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 16.—The brewers of Iowa are preparing to contest the question of the validity of the Prohibition law of that State, on the ground that under the Constitution of the United States a State Legislature can not confiscate private property without just compensation. In the meantime the law is being openly defied and disregarded in the border and river towns of the State, where public sentiment is strongly opposed to its enforcement.

Congressional Nominations.

LITCHFIELD, Ill., July 16.—John R. Eden was nominated for Congress by the Democratic Convention of the Seventeenth District, held here yesterday. He received the votes of Effingham, Fayette, Moultrie and Shelby counties. Jesse P. Phillips, of Montgomery, and Archelus N. Yancey, of Macoupin, each had only the vote of his own county. Milton McClure, of Macoupin County, was nominated for the State Board of Equalization on the eighty-second ballot.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 16.—James K. Jones, the present incumbent, was nominated by acclamation for Congress at the Third Congressional District Convention Monday. He will be opposed by Judge C. E. Mitchell, who has come out as an Independent.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 16.—The Democrats of the Eleventh District held a convention at Portland yesterday, and nominated Major M. H. Kidd for Congress.

CHICAGO, July 16.—The Fourteenth Illinois District Prohibitionists at Clinton Tuesday nominated W. P. Randolph for Congress.

The Prohibitionists of the Fifteenth Illinois District Tuesday nominated Rev. Job Ingram for Congress.

It Was His Father's Ship.

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 15.—While a party of men were fishing yesterday afternoon they observed the masts of a vessel sticking up out of the water and rowed to the wreck. "My God, boys!" cried Harry Williams, "that's father's schooner. God help them, they are all lost!" The young man fell into a faint. The schooner was the Deborah Diverdy, of Dennisville, commanded by Capt. Frank Williams. On board were the Captain's two sons, John and Frank, his wife, the steward, and two deckhands, names unknown. The schooner left Boston four weeks ago and since then nothing has been heard of her. It is supposed she sprang a leak and sunk with all hands.

Canadian Anxiety in American Elections.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 16.—The Canadian press is manifesting great interest in the coming Presidential election. The Liberal press to a unit support the candidature of Cleveland, while Conservative organs indorse the nomination of Blaine. This is accounted for from the fact that the present Conservative Government is in the policy of the administration thoroughly protective, while the Liberal opposition advocates free trade and reciprocity with the United States.

Death of a Famous Woman.

BALTIMORE, July 16.—Mrs. Elmira Lincoln Phelps, the famous educator, died here at 6:30 o'clock a.m. yesterday. Mrs. Phelps was the mother of a distinguished progeny, among them being Justice Phelps, of the Supreme Bench, Baltimore. She was ninety-one years old, yesterday being her birthday.

Griggs' Glycerine Salve.

The best on earth, can truly be said of Griggs Glycerine Salve, which is a cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds, and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents Fro sale by Dr. A. J. Stoner

REPUBLICAN PRAISE MEETING.

The Blaine and Logan Ticket Ratified in New York and Boston.

NEW YORK, July 16.—A Blaine and Logan ratification meeting was held last night in the Grand Opera-House, the vast auditorium being packed to its utmost capacity. Charles S. Smith was chosen chairman. A long series of resolutions were adopted setting forth the good work done by the Republican party during its twenty-four years of government control, after which William M. Evarts was introduced and made an address in which the merits of the candidates of both parties were contrasted. Other speakers followed, the addresses being received with great applause.

BOSTON, Mass., July 16.—The first Republican ratification meeting of the campaign was held last night in Tremont Temple. An overflow meeting was held in the basement. The platforms were occupied by leading Republicans from various sections of the State. Chairman Lodge, of the Republican State Committee, called the Tremont Temple meeting to order and concluded by introducing Governor Robinson as presiding officer. The Governor addressed the meeting and was followed by Senators Dawes and Hoar, Hon. W. W. Crapo, and Congressman W. W. Rice. At the overflow meeting addresses were made by ex-Governor Long, George A. Marden, Speaker of the Massachusetts House of Representatives; Edward P. Brown and Jesse N. Gove. The meeting was the largest political gathering assembled here for a long time.

A FAST FOURTH HEAT.

Phallas Trots a Mile at Chicago, in 2:13 3-4, Beating Smuggler's Best Time, Which Has Stood as the Record for Eight Years.

CHICAGO, July 16.—The last day of the summer trotting meeting at the Chicago Driving Park was made notable by the breaking of a record which has stood untouched for eight years. As if that was not a sufficient triumph, the fastest fourth heat ever trotted was also recorded. Phallas, the bay stallion belonging to Mr. J. I. Case, trotted the fourth heat of the free-for-all race in 2:13¾. The track was fast, but the day was a trifle too cool to be considered a good one for fast work. Only a fair-sized crowd witnessed the programme, but what was lacking in numbers was made up in enthusiasm.

On August 31, 1876, the stallion Smuggler trotted a fourth heat in 2:15½, which has stood ever since as a wonderful performance for a stallion. At Buffalo, August 4, 1880, Maud S. trotted a fourth heat in 2:15½, which has stood since that time as the record, never having been beaten, and only equaled by Hopeful at Hartford three weeks later.

General Foreign Gossip.

CAIRO, July 16.—Two hundred Turks in the Egyptian army at Abassies were recently ordered to Assouan. When called to start 130 had deserted.

GLASGOW, July 16.—James Walker, a suspected dynamiter, was arrested here Monday. He made a desperate resistance, and attempted to shoot and stab his captors. He had a revolver and a cartridge belt of American manufacture, and also papers giving the names of supposed dynamiters.

VIENNA, July 16.—A storm in Moravia caused immense damage to the crops.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 16.—The Porte has asked the Berne International Bureau to suppress the foreign post-office in Turkey. The Porte says it is competent to conduct the International postal service.

THE HAGUE, July 16.—The Dutch Cabinet has prepared a bill making the Queen regent if the King should die before the Princess Wilhelmina attains her majority.

"Harper's Weekly" Indorses Cleveland.

NEW YORK, July 16.—George William Curtis has a very strong leading editorial in *Harper's Weekly* yesterday, indorsing Governor Cleveland as a Presidential nominee. It says:

The argument that in an election it is not a man, but a party that is supported, and that the Democratic party is less to be trusted than the Republican, is futile at a time when the Republican party has nominated a candidate whom a great body of the most conscientious Republicans can not support, and when the Democratic party has nominated a candidate whom a great body of the most venal Democrats practically bolt. Distrust of the Democratic party springs from the conduct of the very Democrats who loudly oppose Governor Cleveland because they know that they can not use him. The nomination of Governor Cleveland is due not so much to the preference of his party as to the general demand of the country for a candidacy which stands for precisely the qualities and services which are associated with his name.

An Important Decision.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Yesterday Judge Tuley rendered a decision involving nearly a million dollars. It was the celebrated case of S. D. Ward, Receiver of the Republic Life Insurance Company, against John V. Farwell. The suit was brought for the purpose of determining the liability of stockholders to pay assessments on unpaid stock to satisfy the debt of the Company. The action of the Board of Directors June 11, 1875, in ordering the surrender and cancellation of $5,000,000 of stock, on which twenty per cent. had been paid, and the issue in lieu thereof of one-fifth that amount of paid-up stock, was declared by Judge Tuley to be fraudulent as to the creditors, and consequently void as to them. The stockholders were declared liable to assessment on the original stock.

Four Men Killed by an Explosion.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 16.—Monday evening the boiler at Carter's saw-mill, in the southwestern part of Monroe County, exploded with terrible results. Of over a dozen men who who were in the mill four were killed outright and all the others injured severely. The killed are: John Carter, Wesley Carter, William Graves and G. Creaver. The mill was blown to atoms and pieces of debris were carried several hundred yards, and the dead and wounded men were buried in the ruins. All the bodies have been recovered.

Elkins Says Blaine Will Not Take the Stump.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Secretary Elkins, of the Republican National Committee, was in the city yesterday on his way to New York. Talking of Virginia, he said that a strong effort would be made to unite the Readjuster and straightout votes for Blaine. Being asked if Mr. Blaine would take the stump, he replied that he would not; there are no exigencies requiring such action.

Blaine's Letter.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Mr. Blaine's letter of acceptance is completed, and will be given to the press Friday or Saturday. Printed slips will be mailed to the Western newspapers to-day. West of Chicago and south of Washington it will be transmitted by telegraph.

Bridges, the painter and decorator is crowded with work, but he wants a thousand more rooms to paper and repair. If he has not the help to get through, he will promptly get more of it. Anything in the papering, decorating, painting of calcimining will strike him. He carries a full stock of papers, paints and oils at his store on North Main street. m13tf

THE YOUNG IDEA.

Various Methods of Teaching It How to Shoot Discussed at the National Educational Association.

MADISON, Wis., July 16.—The convention week of the National Educational Association began yesterday morning with the meeting of the Wisconsin State Teachers' Association, a public session of the Council of Education and of the Froebel Institute of North America. All portions of the United States and Canada are represented in the attendance. Dr. J. W. Stearns delivered the President's address before the State Teachers' Association, in which he discussed the course of instruction for common schools. He said that in Milwaukee only one pupil is in the high school out of sixty-seven in the total enrollment. Such conditions prevailed elsewhere, and under them the elementary schools, and not high schools, should be the base of society. Their course should be so planned that at whatever stage the pupil leaves it he will have received the best possible preparation for life. The elementary course should aim to give the child command of the common implements of learning, and to create in him desires for things of the understanding. The last part is indispensable, and yet is most neglected. In the afternoon the State Association elected officers for next year and adjourned.

The Council of Education discussed "Pedagogics as a Science," the principal speakers being Dr. William Thores, of the Concord School of Philosophy; J. Stanton Hall, Ph. D., of Harvard University, and Prof. C. G. Thompson, of Indiana.

James McAlister, of Philadelphia, opened the convention of the Froebel Institute with a discussion of the kindergarten as a part of the public-school system. In the course of his remarks he said that to-day the paramount question among instructors is that of primary education.

The afternoon session of the National Association of Teachers continued the work of the morning with discussions before the Wisconsin State Teachers' Association and the Froebel Institute of North America. State Superintendent Robert Graham, of Madison, reviewed the professional work of high schools, claiming that teachers, while well grounded in all school work, should possess special fitness for teaching mental science, physiology, hygiene and school law. Officers for the ensuing year were chosen and the State Association adjourned.

In the evening a number of addresses were made, one by Hon. T. W. Bicknell being enthusiastically received. The evening session opened with lectures in the Assembly Hall, Senate Chamber and Congregational Church. In the Assembly Hall Dr. Curry, agent of the Peabody fund, made an address on "Citizenship and Education." In the Senate Chamber addresses were made to a crowded audience by Rev. A. D. Mayo, of Boston, and Dr. William T. Harris, of the Concord School of Philosophy. An address was also delivered by Prof. J. M. Coyner, Superintendent of the Salt Lake Collegiate Institute, on "The Utah Problem as Related to National Education."

Four thousand teachers are now present and one thousand more are expected to-day. The Treasurer's report shows debts of seven hundred dollars paid, with three thousand dollars in the treasury. E. C. Hewitt, of Illinois, and D. N. Camp have been re elected on the Council of Education.

Miners Object to Pinkerton's Men.

COLUMBUS, O., July 16.—Governor Hoadly was yesterday called upon by a committee of miners from Nelsonville, who protested against the presence of foreign police in their midst, and asked that they be removed. Telegrams were also received during the day by the Governor to the same effect. He has replied uniformly that he did not send police there, and had no authority to remove them except they should interfere with the rights of citizens. He sent a telegram to the coal operators that they must not block the highways with police. No trouble has been reported from the valley to-day, but the miners are very indignant at the presence of armed men, and some difficulty is anticipated. The miners are setting forth their wrongs, and are endeavoring in every way to manufacture sentiment in their favor.

Tuesday's Base-Ball Record.

Base-ball games on Tuesday resulted as follows:

National League: At Detroit—Detroit, 14; Chicago, 0. At Boston—Boston, 4; Providence, 3. At Philadelphia—New York, 4; Philadelphia, 3. At Cleveland—Buffalo, 2; Cleveland, 1.

Northwestern League: At St. Paul—St. Paul, 2; Muskegon, 1. At Quincy—Grand Rapids, 6; Quincy, 0. At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 4; Fort Wayne, 3 (ten innings). At Stillwater—Bay City, 5; Stillwater 1. At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; Saginaw, 3.

American Association: At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 9; Baltimore, 2. At Toledo—Athletic, 10; Toledo, 7. At Columbus—Columbus, 4; Washington, 2. At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 0.

Stealing Cattle by the Drove.

CHICAGO, July 16.—The police of Hyde Park and South Chicago are busy searching for a cattle-thief named Sack, who lives near Miller Station, Ind. Monday twenty-five head of valuable cattle were stolen from a cattle-car at Miller Station. Sack was seen driving them at Pine Station, but there all trace of them was lost. He is an old offender, and has served a term in the penitentiary. The stolen cattle, it is thought, have been shipped to the Stock Yards, and officers are on the watch to note their arrival.

A Careless Engineer to Be Punished.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Charles Morwin, engineer, and Lewis H. Wilfringing, fireman, of the coal train which caused the accident on the Brooklyn, Bath & Coney Island Railroad yesterday, in which several persons were injured, were arraigned in court yesterday. They were charged by C. Godfrey Gunther, President of the road, with violating a section of the penal code. The fireman was discharged, but the engineer was held for further examination.

Sold Out to Keep from Failing.

CHICAGO, July 16.—J. K. Armsby & Co., canned-goods dealers at Nos. 22 and 24 River street, Chicago, have transferred their entire stock and assets to George R. Newell & Co., of Minnesota, the inventory being $100,000. It is admitted that the retiring firm owes $200,000, mainly in Chicago and New York. It has been doing a business of from $3,000,000 to $9,000,000 per year.

Michigan Democrats and Greenbackers.

LANSING, Mich., July 16.—The Greenback and the Democratic Central Committees met here yesterday, but there is no prospect of fusion. The Greenback State Convention is called for August 19, at Detroit, and the Democratic Convention at Grand Rapids August 23.

How refreshing is a good night's sleep after the labor and trials of the day; but the poor rheumatic knows not its pleasure. Let him not despair, however, Athlophoros is the great enemy of his disease. It renews the blood, eases the joints, calms the nerves soothes the muscles, gives rest and peace to the troubled brain and ensures delightful sleep. Rev. W. B. Evans, of Washington, D. C., is one of thousands who attest its virtues. He writes: "It is a wonderful medicine, and ought to be spread throughout the land."

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Well-Loners at Wabash, Ind., developed a gas vein which bids fair to illuminate the city.

Charles E. Brown was imprisoned at Boston Tuesday for selling gilded English sterling pieces as gold.

Monroe Alexander, a well-known resident of Treaty, Ind., whose mania is to stand on his head, was declared insane Tuesday.

The cotton mills at Atlanta, Ga., have decided to reduce production twenty-five per cent. by closing down a part of each week.

Four families of "assisted" immigrants from Ireland, and four from Germany, which arrived Tuesday at New York, will be sent back.

The North Carolina Democratic Committee proposes a joint canvass of the State by the Democratic and Republican candidates for Governor.

New Jersey and New York brick manufacturers will shut down September 20, which will result in reducing the production of 20,000,000 bricks.

General Diaz was formally notified by the Electoral College Tuesday of his unanimous election as President of Mexico. Great enthusiasm prevails at the Capital.

The estimated loss by June rains on the wheat crop in California is placed at 135,000 tons, and of barley 80,000 tons. The hay crop was injured forty per cent.

Harry S. Eleguer, son of a prominent citizen of Mt. Vernon, O., whose reason had been dethroned by over-study, hanged himself Monday in the Michigan State Retreat at Detroit.

Stephens, the bicyclist, on a trip around the world from San Francisco, passed through Elkhart, Ind., on Monday evening. His notes by the way will be published by an English firm.

The corner-stone of the new capitol building at Lincoln, Neb., was laid Tuesday with imposing Masonic ceremonies, ten thousand people being present. Ex-Governor Furnace delivered an historical oration.

Four men escaped from jail at Marion, Ia., by cutting the bars of their cells and knocking down the jailer. All were recaptured, the Sheriff sending a bullet through Mitchell, the Cedar Rapids murderer.

Two parties of poor children in New York, numbering nearly one thousand, were on Tuesday sent to the country for two weeks by means of the fresh-air fund contributed by the public under the auspices of a newspaper.

Claims for $3,000 bounty was presented at Freeport, Ill., Tuesday by citizens who enlisted in September, 1864, two weeks prior to the offering by Stephenson County of $200 for recruits. The State's Attorney holds that the claimants are not entitled to the bounty.

Proposed Knight Templar Encampment.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 16.—A movement has been set on foot for a grand union encampment of the Knights Templar of Wisconsin, to be held at the Monona Assembly Grounds, near Madison, commencing August 25, and lasting about a week. A number of prominent Knights Templar have already interested themselves in the matter, and Grand Commander Benzenberg, of this city, has issued a circular to the members of the Wisconsin commanderies, in which the plans for the gathering are given. An effort will be made to induce Templars from Minnesota and Illinois to join Wisconsin in the encampment.

Political Headquarters.

NEW YORK, July 16.—The Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee to-day decided to take the Army and Navy Club rooms in connection with the Gilsey House as headquarters, to be opened immediately.

To Land Buyers!

The undersigned, one of the executors of T. O. Smith, expects to be in Decatur by the middle of May and is desirous of selling the land belonging to said estate, consisting, first, of that FINE STOCK FARM, on

WILLOW BRANCH,

2½ miles west of Moawequa; it contains

640 Acres, Prairie and Timber,

Has living water in abundance; has a fine two-story dwelling and two tenant houses, and a fine large bearing orchard. E. O. Smith, Jr., living close by will show the same. Also BLACKIES of CLEARED and TIMBER lands near the Piatt county line and adjoining the lands of W. Peck It is fenced, has a small house, living stock water set in blue grass and clover. D. P. Landers, Esq. will show it. Also 2 or 3 LOTS, with small dwelling and small warehouse, situated in the town of Oakley. Also 2 LOTS, with small dwelling in the town of Forsyth. Also 80 ACRES of prairie land situated in the north west corner of Macon county—a part of the J. L. Evans land. I will be in Decatur for a short time, and this will be a favorable opportunity to get a bargain in choice real estate. George W Bright, at the Decatur National Bank, will represent me when absent. E. O. SMITH, Executor.

San Jose, Cal.—May 1-d&wtf

AYER'S Hair Vigor

restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray hair to a natural, rich brown color, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use light or red hair may be darkened, thin hair thickened, and baldness often, though not always, cured.

It checks falling of the hair, and stimulates a weak and sickly growth to vigor. It prevents and cures scurf, and dandruff, and heals nearly every disease peculiar to the scalp. As a **Ladies' Hair Dressing**, the VIGOR is unequalled; it contains neither oil nor dye, renders the hair soft, glossy, and silken in appearance, and imparts a delicate, agreeable, and lasting perfume.

MR. C. P. BRICHER writes from *Kirby, O., July 3, 1882*: "Last fall my hair commenced falling out, and in a short time I became nearly bald. I used part of a bottle of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, which stopped the falling of the hair, and started a new growth. I have now a full head of hair growing vigorously, and am convinced that but for the use of your preparation I should have been entirely bald."

J. W. BOWEN, proprietor of the *McArthur (Ohio) Enquirer*, says: "AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is a most excellent preparation for the hair. I speak of it from my own experience. Its use promotes the growth of new hair, and makes it glossy and soft. The VIGOR is also a sure cure for dandruff. Not within my knowledge has the preparation ever failed to give entire satisfaction."

MR. ANGUS FAIRBAIRN, leader of the celebrated "Fairbairn Family" of Scottish Vocalists, writes from *Boston, Mass., Feb. 6, 1880*: "Ever since my hair began to give silvery evidence of the change which fleeting time procureth; I have used AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, and so have been able to maintain an appearance of youthfulness—a matter of considerable consequence to ministers, orators, actors, and in fact every one who lives in the eyes of the public."

MRS. O. A. PRESCOTT, writing from *18 Elm St., Charlestown, Mass., April 14, 1882*, says: "Two years ago about two-thirds of my hair came off. It thinned very rapidly, and I was fast growing bald. On using AYER'S HAIR VIGOR the falling stopped and a new growth commenced, and in about a month my head was completely covered with short hair. It has continued to grow, and is now as good as before it fell. I regularly used but one bottle of the VIGOR, but now use it occasionally as a dressing."

We have hundreds of similar testimonials to the efficacy of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It needs but a trial to convince the most skeptical of its value.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

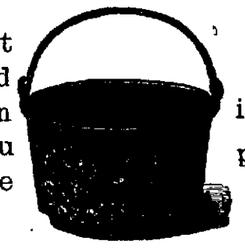
Granite Iron Ware.



LARGE STOCK AND LOW PRICES.



Buy only that stamped "Granite Iron Ware" and you will get the best.



Ask for our illustrated price list.

Close, Griswold & Co.

OFF!

25

PER CENT DISCOUNT From the plainly marked Low Prices on

Parasols, Summer Silks

Gloves, Jerseys,

Ladies' and Men's

Gauze Underwear,

---Ladies'---

Muslin Underwear,

Linen Dusters, Shawls.

Worsted Dress Goods.

Corsets, Hosiery,

Chambrays, Lawns, White Goods

—AND—

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

BIG 18 Merchant Street, **CHEAP STORE.**

Varney's Hotel.

MARCA, ILLINOIS.

Thoroughly renovated and refurnished is now open to the traveling public, with assurance of first class accommodations at all times.

Respectfully

A. H. VARNEY,

Marcs, Ill.

June2-3m

BOTTLED BEER.

—FOR—

Private Families.

Orders left at my Bottling Works,

COR. EAST MAIN & JACKSON STS.,

Will be promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city. Orders from abroad solicited.

FRED KUNY.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®